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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Tenth Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Bukit Kiara Equestrian & Country Resort, Jalan Bukit Kiara Off Jalan Damansara 60000 Kuala Lumpur on Wednesday 22 August 2012 at 3.00 p.m. for following purposes:-

As Ordinary Business

- To receive and adopt the Audited Accounts for the financial year ended 31 March 2012, together with the Reports (Resolution 1) of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- To re-elect Mr Onn Kien Hoe who retires as Director pursuant to Article 96 of the Company's Articles of (Resolution 2)
- To re-elect Mr Suresh Parthasarathy who retires as Director pursuant to Article 96 of the Company's Articles of (Resolution 3) Association.
- To re-appoint Dr Victor John Stephen Price who is over the age of seventy (70) years, to hold office until the next (Resolution 4) annual general meeting pursuant to section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965
- To approve the payment of Directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 March 2012. 5.

(Resolution 5)

To appoint Messrs. Folks DFK & Co. as Auditors of the Company and to authorize the Directors to fix the Auditors' (Resolution 6) 6. remuneration.

Special Business

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Ordinary Resolutions and Special Resolution:-

SECTION 132D OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965.

(Resolution 7)

"THAT pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 and subject to the approval of the relevant regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby authorized to issue shares in the Company, at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such person or persons whomsoever as the Directors may deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this resolution shall not exceed 10% of the issued capital of the Company for the time being and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company." (Ordinary Resolution)

PROPOSED RENEWAL OF EXISTING SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR RECURRENT RELATED PARTY (Resolution 8) TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE ("PROPOSED SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE")

"That subject to the provisions of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad for the ACE Market, approval be and is hereby given to the Company/or its subsidiary companies to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature as set out in Section 2.5 of the Circular to shareholders dated 31 July 2012, provided that such transactions are undertaken in the ordinary course of business, on arm's length basis, on normal commercial terms which are not more favourable to the related party than generally available to the public and are not detrimental to the minority shareholders.

That such approval shall continue to be in force until:-

(a) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company following this AGM at which the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate is passed, at which time it will lapse unless the authority is renewed by a resolution passed at the next AGM;





- ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
- the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after that date is required to be held pursuant to Section 143 (1) of the Companies Act ("Act") (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 143 (2) of the Act); or
- (c) is revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in a general meeting whichever is earlier;

AND THAT the directors of the Company be authorized to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary to give effect to the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COMPANY ("PROPOSED (Resolution 9) AMENDMENTS")

"THAT the following amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company be and are hereby approved and adopted and that the Board of Directors be and are hereby authorized to give effect to the said amendments."

Article No.	Existing Articles		Amended Articles		
2	Word The Listing Requirements	Meaning The Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (635998-W) that are applicable to the MESDAQ market including any amendments thereto that may be made from time to time.	Word The Listing Requirements	Meaning The Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (635998-W) that are applicable to the ACE market including any amendments thereto that may be made from time to time.	
		-	Exempt Authorised Nominee	An authorized nominee defined under the Depositories Act which is exempted from compliance with the provisions of subsection 25A(1) of the Depositories Act	
	Appointment of proxies , qualification and rights of proxy to speak		Appointment of proxies , qualification and rights of proxy to speak		
69 (a)	any question eifor another Mer poll and to be r fully paid-up shand payable to proxy need not a member he n an approved Cothe Registrar. No recognised in a which any call of	a member shall be entitled to be present and to vote on any question either personally or by proxy, or as proxy or another Member at any general meeting, or upon a coll and to be reckoned in a quorum in respect of any ally paid-up shares and any share upon which call due not payable to the company shall have been paid. The arroxy need not be a member of the company and if not member he need not be a qualified legal practitioner. In approved Company auditor or a person approved by the Registrar. No member shall be entitled to vote or be excognised in a quorum in a respect of any shares upon which any call or other sum so ue and payable shall be unpaid.		A member shall be entitled to be present and to vote on any question either personally or by proxy, or as proxy for another Member at any general meeting, or upon a poll and to be reckoned in a quorum in respect of any fully paid-up shares and any share upon which call due and payable to the company shall have been paid. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company, or at a meeting of any class of members of the Company, shall be entitled to appoint any person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of the member at the meeting. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall have the same rights as the member to speak at the meeting. No member shall be entitled to vote or be recognised in a quorum in respect of any shares upon which any call or other sum so due and payable shall be unpaid.	



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)



69 (c))	- Appointment of multiple proxies
		Where a member of the Company is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds."

10. To transact any other business for which due notice has been given.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Tan Kok Aun (MACS 01564) Wong Wai Yin (MAICSA 7003000) Company Secretaries Kuala Lumpur 31 July 2012

Notes:

- 1. In respect of deposited securities, only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors on 15 August 2012 ("General Meeting Record of Depositors") shall be eligible to attend the Meeting.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 3. Where a member appoints two or more proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless the member specifies the proportion of his/her shareholding to be represented by each proxy.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hands of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointer is a corporation, either under its Common Seal, or the hand of its attorney duly authorised.
- 5. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at No 1 & 1A, 2nd Floor (Room 2) Jalan Ipoh Kecil 50350 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 6. Explanatory Notes on Special Business
 - (i) Ordinary Resolution 7-Authority to Issue Shares

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 7 is a renewal mandate for the issue of shares under Section 132D of the Act. If passed, it will give flexibility to the Directors of the Company to issue shares up to a maximum of ten per centum (10%) of the issued share capital of the Company at the time of such issuance of shares (other than bonus or rights issue) and for such purposes as they consider would be in the best interest of the Company without having to convene separate general meetings. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The rationale for this resolution is to eliminate the need to seek shareholders' approval to convene general meeting(s) from time to time as and when the Company issues new shares for future business opportunities and thereby reducing administrative time and cost associated. No shares had been issued and allotted by the Company since obtaining the said authority from its shareholders at the last Annual General Meeting held on 29 September 2011. The Directors would utilise the proceeds raised from this mandate for working capital or such other applications they may in their absolute discretion deem fit.





NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

- (ii) Ordinary Resolution 8- Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate

 The proposed resolution, if passed will allow the Group to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature pursuant to the provisions of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad for the ACE Market.

 Please refer to the Circular to Shareholders dated 31 July 2012 for further information.
- (iii) Special Resolution-Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association
 The proposed amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company are to comply with the amendments made to Chapter
 7 of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ACE Market Listing Requirements in relation to appointment of multiple proxies by an
 Exempt Authorised Nominee, Qualification of Proxy and Rights of Proxy to speak.

STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- 1. Directors who retire by rotation and standing for re-election pursuant to the Article of Association of the Company
 - i) Mr Onn Kien Hoe
 - ii) Mr Suresh Parthasarathy
- 2. Director who retires pursuant to section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965
 - i) Dr Victor John Stephen Price
- 3. The profiles of Mr Onn Kien Hoe, Mr Suresh Parthasarathy and Dr Victor John Stephen Price, who are standing for re-election, are set out in the Directors' Profiles appearing on page 9 to 10 of this Annual Report. The Directors' interest in shares are shown in page 27 of the annual report.
- 4. Details of attendance of Directors at Board of Directors' Meetings

There were 4 Board of Directors' Meetings held during the financial year ended 31 March 2012. The details of the attendance of the Directors are shown in page 12 of the Annual Report

5. Place, date and time of the Tenth Annual General Meeting

The Tenth Annual General Meeting is scheduled to be held on Wednesday, 22 August 2012 at Bukit Kiara Equestrian & Country Resort, Jalan Bukit Kiara Off Jalan Damansara, 60000 Kuala Lumpur at 3.00 p.m.



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar Chairman, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Chan Wing Kong
Chief Executive Officer

Suresh Parthasarathy Executive Director

Onn Kien Hoe Non-Executive Independent Director

Chua Hock Hoo Non-Executive Independent Director

Victor John Stephen Price Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Onn Kien Hoe Chairman, Non-Executive Independent Director

Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Chua Hock Hoo Non-Executive Independent Director

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Onn Kien Hoe Chairman, Non-Executive Independent Director

Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar

Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Chua Hock Hoo

Non-Executive Independent Director

RENUMERATION COMMITTEE

Onn Kien Hoe

Chairman, Non-Executive Independent Director

Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar

Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Chua Hock Hoo

Non-Executive Independent Director

Victor John Stephen Price Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

ESOS COMMITTEE

Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar Chairman, Non-Executive Independent Director

Onn Kien Hoe

Non-Executive Independent Director

Victor John Stephen Price Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Chan Wing Kong Chief Executive Officer

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Tan Kok Aun (MACS 01564) Wong Wai Yin (MAICSA 7003000)

REGISTERED OFFICE

No. 1 & 1A, 2nd Floor Jalan Ipoh Kecil 50350 Kuala Lumpur Tel: (03) 40435750 Fax: (03) 40435755

e-mail: steven.chan@nova-hub.com website: www.novamsc.com

BUSINESS OFFICES

2-D, Block 2330 Century Square 63000 Cyberjaya Tel: (03) 8319 2628 Fax: (03) 8319 3628

E 33-3A Dataran 3 Two Square No 2, Jalan 19/1 46300 Petaling Jaya Tel: (03) 7957 6628 Fax: (03) 7954 6628

REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE Symphony Share Registrars Sdn Bhd

Level 6, Symphony House, Pusat Dagangan Dana 1 Jalan PJU 1A/46 47301 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsa Tel: (03) 7841 8279/7841 8278 (Helpdesk)

Tel: (03) 7841 8279/7841 8278 (Helpdesk Fax: (03) 7841 8151/7841 8152

AUDITORS Folks DFK & Co

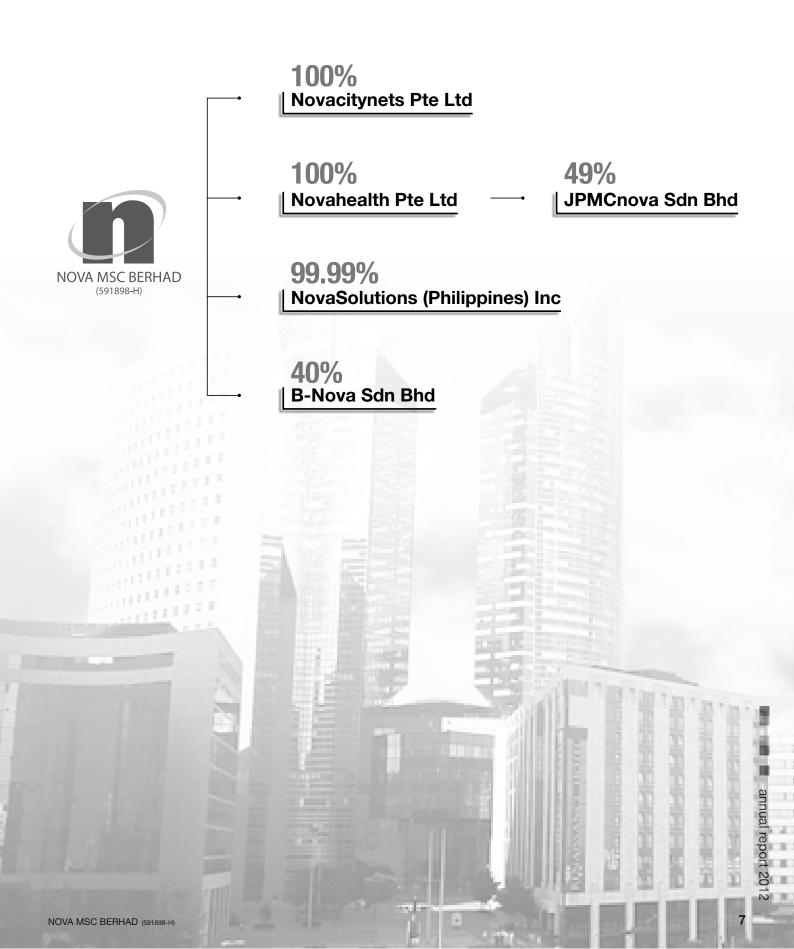
12th Floor, Wisma Tun Sambanthan No.2, Jalan Sultan Sulaiman 50000 Kuala Lumpur

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia



CORPORATE STRUCTURE



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

The Year under review



In 2011, we faced challenges brought about by the global financial and economic crises. The elusive recovery in US, prolonged Euro-zone financial crisis, unrest in Middle East and expected slowdown in China affected business sentiments. In such an environment, the Group understands the importance of positioning ourselves in fast emerging areas that will promote future growth. As such, the Group took significant steps to re-align our core competencies and product lines in the past financial year.

For the financial ended 31 March 2012 ("FY11/12"), the Group achieved revenue of RM32.3 million, representing an increase of approximately 32% as compared to RM24.4 million recorded in the previous financial year ended 31 March 2011 ("FY10/11"). The increase was in line with higher delivery of third party products and higher project milestone completion.

The Group, however, incurred a loss before taxation of approximately RM4.4 million for FY11/12 as compared to a profit before taxation of approximately RM0.3 million in FY10/11. This was mainly due to the Group's decision to take a non-cash impairment charge of approximately RM4.8 million related to one of its intangible assets as we re-aligned our core competencies. Excluding this non-cash impairment charge of approximately RM4.8 million, the Group would have turned in a profit before taxation of approximately RM0.4 million.

Shareholders' fund as at 31 March 2012 stood at approximately RM25.7 million.

Business Direction

Amidst the challenging environment presented by the market environment, the Group continues to see healthy demand for our unique healthcare IT solutions and Building Information Model (BIM) Solutions in the Building and Construction industry. The Group intends to capitalize on such demands and opportunities by initiating more market and customer focused marketing. The Group will continue to strengthen our core competencies, and improve our operational efficiency. In fact, in April 2012, the Group had incorporated a new subsidiary company in the Republic of The Philippines with the aim to expand our business and also to serve as our in-sourcing center for our BIM and IT services.

Over the years, the Group had always recognized the importance of R&D as an essential component of our Group's strategy in driving business growth and improving operational efficiency. For the financial year ended 31 March 2012, the Group continued its planned development efforts from prior years and incurred approximately RM3.0 million for our flagship products, FORNAX (Automated Building Plan checking system) and Vesalius (Hospital Information System).

Appreciation

On behalf of the Board, I wish to acknowledge and thank our management team and employees for their dedication and commitment to the Group's success. I would also like to extend our gratitude and sincere thanks to our customers, shareholders, and business partners for their continued support and confidence in the Group. Finally, I would like to thank my fellow Board members for their continuing advice, guidance and support.

Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar Chairman, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director



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🛮 Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar,

52, Malaysian,

Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Tunku Nadzaruddin was appointed to the Board on 27 June 2003. He was appointed Chairman of the Group on 1 July 2003. He is also the Chairman of the ESOS Committee and a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination, and Remuneration Committee. He graduated from Middlesex University with a degree in Bachelor of Science (Honours) in Mathematics in 1984.

DIRECTORS' PROFILES

He is currently an Executive Director of Hwang-DBS Investment Management Berhad. He also holds directorships in Box-Pak (Malaysia) Berhad, Kian-Joo Can Factory Berhad, Hwang-DBS (Malaysia) Berhad and Hwang-DBS Investment Bank Berhad.

Tunku Nadzaruddin was President of the Persatuan Broker Niaga Hadapan Malaysia (Malaysia Futures Brokers Association) and is the current Patron.

Tunku Nadzaruddin does not have any family relationship with any other Directors. However, he is deemed interested by virture of his directorship in the Company and major shareholding in Raden Corporation Sdn Bhd, which is a major shareholder of the Company. He has not been convicted of any offences in the last ten (10) years. Tunku Nadzaruddin attended all four of the Board Meetings held in the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

Mr Chan Wing Kong,

54, Singapore citizen,

Executive Non-Independent Director.

Mr Chan Wing Kong is the founder and Chief Executive Officer of Nova MSC Berhad ("Company"). He was appointed to the Board on 31 October 2002. He also sits as a member of the ESOS Committee. His responsibilities include the overall development of the business strategies and policies of the Group to achieve long-term business objectives. He leads the senior management in the development and implementation of the Group's business vision.

He has more than twenty-five (25) years of working experience at various organizations in the areas of marketing and implementation of large IT projects. Mr Chan obtained his Bachelor of Surveying (Hons) degree from the University of Newcastle in Australia under a Colombo Plan Scholarship awarded by the Singapore Government and a Master of Science degree from the University of Queensland.

Mr Chan does not have any family relationship with any other Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company or any conflict of interest with the Company. Neither has he been convicted of any offences in the last ten (10) years. Mr Chan attended all four of the Board Meetings held in the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

▼ Dr Victor John Stephen Price,

70, South African,

Non Executive Non Independent Director

Dr Victor John Stephen Price is a founder of the Company and was appointed to the Board on 31 October 2002. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee and ESOS Committee.

Dr Stephen Price has more than 40 years of experience in land planning, development and management in both the government and private sectors.

Dr Price serve the company as Chief Technical Officer from its inception until his retirement in January 2009.

Dr Price does not have any family relationship with any other Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company or any conflict of interest with the Company. Neither has he been convicted of any offences in the last ten (10) years. Dr Price attended all four of the Board Meetings held in the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

DIRECTORS' PROFILES

(CONT'D)

Mr Onn Kien Hoe,

47, Malaysian,

Non Executive Independent Director



Mr Onn Kien Hoe was appointed to the Board on 5 June 2003. He is currently the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee. He is also a member of the ESOS Committee. Mr Onn completed his professional qualification with the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in 1988, and has been in the accounting profession since then. He is also a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr Onn is a partner of Crowe Horwath (Kuala Lumpur Office), and is in charge of Crowe Horwath's corporate advisory department. Mr Onn has served as an examiner for the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants and as a member of the Interpretation Committee of the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board. He also holds directorships in Melewar Industrial Group Berhad, Mithril Berhad, Kian Joo Can Factory Berhad and MAA Takaful Berhad.

Mr Onn does not have any family relationship with any other Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company or any conflict of interest with the Company. Neither has he been convicted of any offences in the last ten (10) years. Mr Onn attended all four of the Board Meetings held in the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

I Dr Chua Hock Hoo,

46, Malaysian,

Non Executive Independent Director

Dr Chua Hock Hoo was appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company on 12 May 2009. Currently, he is also a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

Dr Chua qualified as a professional accountant from the Chartered Institute of Management Accountant in 1993. He obtained Doctorate in Knowledge Management (PHD) from University of Malaya in 2012 and Master of Business Administration (MBA) from Oklahoma City University, USA in 1995.

Dr Chua distinguished himself in practice as an auditor, licensed liquidator and a tax consultant. He is the co-founder and currently the Managing Partner of Cheng & Co, a Chartered Accountants firm. He is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, Malaysian Institute of Taxation and Financial Planning Association of Malaysia, a fellow member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (UK), a fellow member of CPA Australia, and an associate member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia.

Dr Chua does not have any family relationship with any other Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company or any conflict of interest with the Company. Neither has he been convicted of any offences in the last ten (10) years. Dr Chua attended three out of four of the Board Meetings held in the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

Mr Suresh Parthasarathy,

41, Indian,

Executive Non-Independent Director

Mr Suresh Parthasarathy was appointed to the Board on 7 April 2010.

He has more than 19 years of extensive Software Project and Resources Management experience. He has successfully executed various projects, from design stage till deployment. He has done extensive multi-tier and web applications design for the leading financial institutions.

Before 2006, Mr Suresh was heading the Sales for the Indian businesses for an Indian Software Company. He was instrumental in building the banking products practice, where he was able to procure some prestigious orders from leading MNC Bank.

Besides the Company, Mr Suresh also sits on board of Zylog Systems Asia Pacific Pte Ltd, a major shareholder of the Company.

Mr Suresh does not have any family relationship with any other Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company. Neither has he been convicted of any offences in the last ten (10) years. Mr Suresh attended three out of four of the Board Meetings held in the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board of Directors recognizes the importance of good corporate governance and is committed to the establishment and implementation of a proper framework and controls that are in line with the principles and best practices as recommended by the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance ("the Code").

The following statements set out the application of the principles of the Code:

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 1.

1.1 Composition and Board Balance

Composition

The Board currently has six members, comprising two Executive Directors, two Non-Executive Non-Independent Directors (including the Chairman of the Company) and two Non-Executive Independent Directors. The Board is of the opinion that the interests of shareholders of the Company are fairly represented through the current composition and its size constitutes an effective Board of the Company. The wide spectrum of knowledge, skills and experience of the Board gives added strength to the leadership which is necessary for the effective stewardship of the Group.

Board Balance

The four Non Executive Directors of the Company, which form two-third (2/3) of the Board, provide the Board with a good mix of industry-specific knowledge plus broad business and commercial experience. They provide guidance, unbiased, fully balanced and independent views, advice and judgment to many aspects of the Group's strategy so as to safeguard the interests of minority shareholders and to ensure that higher standards of conduct and integrity are maintained by the Group.

The profiles of the Directors are provided in pages 9 and 10 of the Annual Report.

1.2 Duties and Responsibilities

The Executive Directors are in charge of the day-to day operations of the business, implementation of Board policies and making strategic decisions for the expansion of the business. The Non-Executive Directors contribute their expertise and experience to give independent judgment to the Board on issues of strategy, performance and resources, including major policies, key directions and standards of conduct. The roles of the Non-Executive Independent Directors are to ensure that the strategies proposed by the executive management are fully reviewed and examined. They also undertake the responsibility of protecting and securing the varied long-term interests of the shareholders, employees, customers, and the communities in which the Group conducts its business.

No individual or group of individuals dominates the Board's decision-making. Together, the Directors possess the wide range of business, commercial and financial knowledge, expertise and skills essential in the management and direction of a corporation with regional presence.

1.3 Access to Information and Advice

Before each Board meeting, the Directors are provided with the agenda and full set of Board papers containing relevant information relating to the business of the meeting. Where necessary, additional information is provided during the Board meeting on significant issues that arise or when specifically requested by a Director.

The directors also have access to the services of the Company Secretary and senior management staff whether as a full board or in their individual capacity. In certain instances as deemed appropriate, the Board may also engage the services of professionals at the expense of the Group on specialized issues.

1.4 Appointment Process

The Board appoints its members through a formal and transparent selection process, which is consistent with the Articles of Association of the Company. This process has been reviewed, approved and adopted by the Board. The Company Secretary will ensure that all appointments are properly made and that legal and regulatory obligations are met. The Board has set up a Nomination Committee on 28 August 2007.



1.5 Re-election of Directors

Directors appointed by the Board during the financial year are subject to re-election by the shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting held following their appointments and thereafter shall retire at least once every 3 years and retiring directors shall be eligible for re-election.

1.6 Meetings

During the year under review, four (4) Board Meetings have been held. The attendance record of each Director since the last financial year or the date of appointment is as follows:

500-600 - CONTRACTOR - CONTRACT	Number of Meetings Attended
Executive Directors	
Chan Wing Kong	4/4
Suresh Parthasarathy	3/4
Non-Executive Directors	
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	4/4
Onn Kien Hoe	4/4
Dr Victor John Stephen Price	4/4
Dr Chua Hock Hoo	3/4

During the financial year, the Board also resolved and approved the Company's matters through circular resolutions. Board members are provided sufficient detailed information for approvals via circular resolutions and are given full access to senior management to clarify any matters arising.

1.7 Directors' Training

At every Board Meeting, all Directors were briefed on the latest developments of the Group's business and operations to enhance and ensure that they have a comprehensive understanding on the Group's operations to enable them to discharge their responsibilities effectively and to keep abreast with developments in the market place. The Company does not have a formal training programme for new director. However, familiarization programme with the operations of the Group shall be arranged for any new appointee to the Board. In 2011, all Directors have attended development and training programmes, seminars and courses, the details of which are as follows:-

- 1. Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar
 - Enhancing Board Effectiveness
 - Strategic Risk Management
 - Strategic Risk Management
 - Anto Money Laundering & Counter Financing of Terrorism
 - Financial Institutions Directors' Education Programme (FIDE)
 - The Director's Legal Tool Kit

2. Onn Kien Hoe

- Overview of Risk Management
- Up-Date on Financial Reporting Standards
- Driving Audit Quality: Enchancing The Role of Stakeholders
- Accounting For Agriculture
- 2011 National Tax Conference
- Seminar Percukaian Kebangsaan 2011
- Audit Strategy
- Detecting Creative Accounting & Fraud
- IFRS 13 : Fair Value Measurement



STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- Dr Victor John Stephen Price
 - Contract Law for Non-Legal Professionals
- Dr Chua Hock Hoo
 - Affiliation Strategy
 - National Tax Conference 2011
 - Seminar percukaian kebangsaan 2011
 - Budget Seminar 2012
 - Leadership & me
- 5. Chan Wing Kong
 - Merger and Acquisition
 - **Building Smart International Conference**
- Suresh Parthasarathy
 - Seminar on iSprint and Innovation and Productivity Credit
 - Breakfast talk on Cloud Computing

The Directors will continue to attend relevant training programmes from time to time to further enhance their knowledge to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities more effectively.

1.8 Board Committee

The Board has established the following committees:-

Audit Committee i)

The Board has set up an Audit Committee, which composition is in compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements. The report of the Audit Committee is found on pages 19 to 22.

An appropriate relationship is maintained with the Company's external and internal auditors through the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has been explicitly accorded the power to communicate directly with both external and internal auditors.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is responsible to assist the Board in appointing new directors and assessing directors on an ongoing basis. It comprises of the following:-

- Onn Kien Hoe (Chairman), Independent Non-Executive Director
- Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director
- Dr Chua Hock Hoo, Independent Non-Executive Director

iii) Employees Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") Committee

The ESOS committee was established to administer the Company's ESOS. The Committee's principal function is to ensure that the Scheme is administered in accordance with the by-laws approved by the shareholders of the Company. The present ESOS was implemented on 31 October 2005 and is governed by the by-laws that were approved by the shareholders on 28 September 2004.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONT'D)



iv) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is responsible to assist the Board in developing and establishing commensurate remuneration policies and packages. It comprises of:-

- Onn Kien Hoe (Chairman), Independent Non-Executive Director
- Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director
- Dr Chua Hock Hoo, Independent Non-Executive Director
- Dr Victor John Stephen Price, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

2. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

2.1 Remuneration Policy and Procedures

The directors' remuneration is determined in accordance to the performance and their capability to the Group. The Board recognizes that levels of remuneration must be sufficient to attract, retain and motivate the directors of the quality required to manage the business of the Company and the Group and to align the interest of the Directors with those of the shareholders.

The Board has set up a Remuneration Committee on 28 August 2007. The Remuneration Committee will be responsible for reviewing annually and recommending to the Board, the remuneration policy and packages of the Executive Directors.

Aggregate remuneration of the Directors during the financial year ended 31 March 2012 can be categorized into the following components:

Category	Proposed Director's Fees (RM)	Salaries and other emolument (RM)	Total (RM)
Executive Directors	-	765,473	765,473
Non-Executive Directors	173,000	-	173,000

During the financial year, the following share options were also granted to Executive and Non-Executive Directors as determined by the Option Committee in compliance with the ESOS By-laws approved by the Board and shareholders:

Director	Number of Options granted and vested
Executive Director	
Chan Wing Kong	200,000
Non-Executive Director	
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	320,000
Onn Kien Hoe	280,000
Dr Chua Hock Hoo	240,000
Dr Victor John Stephen Price	240,000





Directors' remuneration is broadly categorized into the following bands:

	Number of Directors	
Range of Remuneration	Executive	Non-Executive
Below 50,000	-	4
RM50,001 to RM100,000	-	-
RM100,001 to RM150,000	-	-
RM150,001 to RM200,000	1	-
RM200,001 to RM300,000	-	-
RM300,001 to RM400,000	-	-
RM400,001 to RM500,000	-	-
RM500,001 to RM600,000	1	-

The Board is of the view that the above disclosure, without divulging respective Director's individual remuneration, is sufficient.

SHAREHOLDERS

Relation with Shareholders and Investors

The Board recognizes the importance of communicating with shareholders and investors. This is done through annual reports, press releases, announcements through Bursa Malaysia, and also via the Company's web site (subject to the disclosure requirements of Bursa Malaysia).

Shareholders and investors are kept informed of all major developments with the Group by way of announcements via the Bursa Malaysia Link, the Company annual reports and other circulars to shareholders.

The principle forum for dialogue with shareholders is during the Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). At the AGM, the Board provides opportunities for shareholders to raise questions pertaining to issues in the Annual Report, Audited Financial Statements, corporate developments in the Group, the resolutions being proposed and on the business of the Group in general.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



4. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

4.1 Financial Reporting

The Directors are required by the Companies Act, 1965 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at the end of the financial year and the income statements of the Company and the Group for the year then ended.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 and applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required to select appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates. The Directors are required to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to do so.

The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Group keeps proper accounting records which disclose with accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group which enables them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1965. The Directors also have responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonable to safeguard the assets of the Group for prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

4.2 Internal Control

The Group's Statement of Internal Control is set out on pages 23 to 24 of this Annual Report.

4.3 Relationship with Auditors

The Group would continue to maintain a close and transparent relationship with its Auditors in seeking professional advice and ensure compliance with the appropriate accounting standards. The role of the Audit Committee in relation to the auditors may be found in the Report of the Audit Committee on pages 19 to 22.

4.4 Compliance with the Code

The Board has to the best of its ability and knowledge complied with the Best Practices in Corporate Governance set out in Part II of the Code. The Board expects to continue to improve and enhance the procedures from time to time, especially in both corporate governance and internal control.



The following set out below is disclosed in compliance with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities:-

1. SHARE BUY-BACK

The Company does not have a scheme to buy back its own shares.

2. EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company had granted options under the Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") governed by the By-Laws that was approved by the Company's shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 28 September 2004. The ESOS was implemented on 31 October 2005 and is to be in force for a period of ten (10) years from the date of implementation. There is one (1) ESOS in existence during the financial year ended 31 March 2012 with information as follows:-

	•	Since Commencement of ESOS on 31 October 2005
Total number of options granted	3,440,000	46,980,000
Total number of options exercised	-	11,865,000
Total options outstanding	3,440,000	17,650,000

	During the Financial Year	Since Commencement of
Granted to Directors and Chief Executive	Ended 31 March 2012	ESOS on 31 October 2005
Aggregate options granted	1,280,000	11,460,000
Aggregate options exercised	-	2,700,000
Aggregate options outstanding	1,280,000	4,160,000

Granted to Directors and senior management	Since Commencement of ESOS on 31 October 2005
Aggregate maximum applicable to directors and senior management in percentage; and	50%
The actual percentage granted to them	40%

3. NON- AUDIT FEES

The amount of non-audit fee incurred for services rendered to the Company by the external auditor was RM5,000 for the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

4. VARIATION OF RESULTS

There was no material variation between the audited result for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 and that of the unaudited results previously announced on 25 May 2012.

5. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

For the financial year ended 31st March 2012, no contracts of a material nature were entered into or were subsisting between the Group and its Directors or major shareholders.

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ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION (CONT'D)



6. RECURRENT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

The details of the recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature conducted pursuant to Shareholders' Mandate during the financial year ended 31 March 2012 between the Company and/or its subsidiaries with related parties are disclosed in Note 28 to the Financial Statements on page 71 to 72.

7. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ("CSR")

The Group recognizes the importance of being a responsible corporate citizen to enhance and positively contribute to society in addition to its pursuit of business objective. As such, the Group will, to its best endeavor, integrate CSR practice into its business operation. The Group considers its people as the most valuable asset. To ensure optimal performance and staff job satisfaction, adequate trainings are provided to develop and upgrade skills, knowledge and attitudes of our people. We also offer our staff fair and equitable benefits packages, including insurances policies covering life, travel and hospitalization. Social gathering and yearly reviews were also organized during the year to create social balance, maintain harmony and build better rapport.

The Group will be looking at implementing the best practices of CSR in areas of environment, community, workplace and marketplace in the coming years.



AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit Committee was formed on 1 July 2003 as a committee within the Board of Directors primarily responsible to assist the Directors in carrying out their duties in relation to accounting and financial reporting of the Group and the Company.

MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee consists of:

Name	Designation	Directorship
Onn Kien Hoe	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	Member	Non-Executive Non-Independent
Dr Chua Hock Ho	Member	Non-Executive Independent

TERMS OF REFERENCE

COMPOSITION OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee shall be appointed from amongst the Board and shall consist of not less than three members. All Audit Committee members must be non-executive directors with a majority of them being independent directors.

At least one member of the Audit Committee must be:-

- a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA); or
- if he is not a member of MIA, he must have at least three (3) years working experience and:
 - he must have passed the examinations specified in Part 1 of the 1st Schedule of the Accountants Act, 1967; or
 - he is a member of one (1) of the Associations specified in Part II of the 1st Schedule of the Accountants Act, 1976.
- (c) Fulfills such other requirements as prescribed or approved by Bursa Malaysia Securities Bhd.

No alternate director shall be appointed as a member of the Committee.

The Chairman who shall be elected by the Audit Committee, must be an independent director.

In the event the elected Chairman is not able to attend a meeting, a member of the Audit Committee shall be nominated as Chairman for the meeting. The nominated Chairman shall be an Independent Director.

In the event of any vacancy with the result that the number of members is reduced to below three, the vacancy must be filled within three (3) months.

AUTHORITY

The Audit Committee shall be granted the authority to investigate any activity of the Company and its subsidiaries and all employees shall be directed to co-operate as and when required by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall also be empowered to consult independent experts where necessary to assist in executing its duties.

MEETINGS

The Audit Committee is to meet at least four times a year and as many times as the Audit Committee deems necessary.

The quorum for a meeting shall be two (2) members, provided that the majority of members present at the meeting shall be independent.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

NOTICE OF MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

The agenda of the Audit Committee meetings shall be circulated before each meeting to members of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee may require the external auditors and any officer of the Company to attend any of its meetings as it determines.

The external and internal auditors shall have the right to appear and be heard at any meeting of the Audit Committee and shall so appear when required to do so by the Audit Committee.

Upon the request of the external or internal auditors, the Chairman of the Audit Committee shall convene a meeting of the Audit Committee to consider any matters that the auditors believe should be brought to the attention of the Directors or shareholders.

The Company Secretary shall be the Secretary of the Audit Committee and shall be responsible, in conjunction with the Chairman, for drawing up the agenda and circulating it prior to each meeting.

The Company Secretary shall also be responsible for keeping the minutes of meetings of the Audit Committee and circulating them to the Audit Committee members.

DUTIES AND RIGHTS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The duties and rights of the Audit Committee shall be:-

- To review the following: -
 - The nomination of external auditors; a.
 - The adequacy of existing external audit arrangements, with particular emphasis on the scope and quality of the audit; b.
 - The effectiveness of the internal audit function; C.
 - The effectiveness of the internal control and management information systems; d.
 - The Committee is authorized to convene meetings with the external auditors, the internal auditors or both excluding the attendance of other directors and employees of the listed company, whenever deemed necessary;
 - Any management letters sent by the external auditors to the Company and the management's response to such letters; f.
 - Any letter of resignation from the Company's external auditors; g.
 - h. The assistance given by the Company's officers to the external auditors;
 - i. All areas of significant financial risk and the arrangements in place to contain those risks to acceptable levels; and
 - All related-party transactions and potential conflict of interests situations. j.
 - The implementation and allocation of the Group's Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS"), as being in compliance with the criteria set out in the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and in accordance with the ESOS by-laws as approved by the Board of Directors and shareholders.
- The Audit Committee shall:-
 - Have explicit authority to investigate any matters within its terms of reference; a.
 - Have the resources which it needs to perform its duties; b.
 - Have full access to any information which it requires in the course of performing its duties;
 - Have unrestricted access to the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer;
 - Have direct communication channels with the external and internal auditors; e.
 - Be able to obtain independent professional or other advice in the performance of its duties at the cost of the Company; and f.
 - Be able to invite outsiders with relevant experience to attend its meetings if necessary.
- Where the Audit Committee is of the view that any matter reported by it to the Board of Directors of the Company has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the Listing Requirements, the Audit Committee must promptly report such matters to the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad;
- To make recommendations to the Board of Directors to outsource certain of its internal audit functions to an independent firm of consultants, if necessary.
- To discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits, their evaluation of the system of internal controls, and any matters the external auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of management, where necessary).



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AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

- 6. To consider the major findings of internal investigations and management's response during the year with management and the external auditors, including the status of previous audit recommendations.
- 7. To carry out any other functions that may be mutually agreed upon by the Audit Committee and the Board.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee met 4 times during the financial year ended 31 March 2012. The attendance record of each Director since the last financial year or the date of appointment is as follows:

	Number of Meetings Attended
Onn Kien Hoe	4/4
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	4/4
Chua Hock Ho	4/4

During the financial year ended 31 March 2012, the Audit Committee reviewed the quarterly and yearly results/announcements of the Group to ensure compliance with approved accounting standards and adherence with other legal and regulatory requirements as well as making relevant recommendations to the Board for approval.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Board outsource its internal audit function for a fee of RM30,000 to a professional consulting firm which provides support to the Audit Committee in monitoring and managing risks and internal control systems of the Group.

The main responsibilities of the internal auditors are:

- (i) To assist in reviewing the adequacy, integrity and effectiveness of the Company's internal control system for the Board to make an accurate Statement of Internal Controls in the Annual Report;
- (ii) To support the Audit Committee in evaluating the effectiveness of the existing internal control system, identify future requirements and co-develop a prioritized action plan to further enhanced the internal control system;
- (iii) To perform a risk assessment of the Group to identify the business processes within the Group that the internal audit should focus on;
- (iv) To allocate resources to areas within the Group in order to provide management and the Audit Committee with efficient and effective levels of internal audit coverage.

All internal auditors' reports are deliberated by the Audit Committee and recommendations made to the Board and/or the management are acted upon.

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REVIEW OF STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Internal Control for the inclusion in the annual report of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal control.

The above statement is made in accordance with the resolution passed at the Board of Directors meeting held on 12 July 2012.

STATEMENT BY THE AUDIT COMMITTEE IN RELATION TO THE ESOS ALLOCATION

During the financial year, the Committee administered the Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS"). Shares options had been offered and granted to eligible employees of the Group pursuant to the criteria as set out in the by-laws of the Company's ESOS. The Audit Committee had reviewed the allocation of the share options granted and noted that they were made in compliance with the by-laws of the Company's ESOS.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL

INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance stipulates that the Board is required to maintain a sound system of internal controls to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. The Board is pleased to include a statement on the state of the Group's internal controls in accordance with paragraph 15.26 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Listing Requirements for the ACE Market.

The Board of Directors is committed to maintaining a sound system of internal controls in the Group and is pleased to outline the nature and scope of the internal controls of the Group during the financial year.

The Group's system of internal controls includes establishing an appropriate control environment and framework as well as reviewing its adequacy and integrity. The system of internal controls covers, inter-alia, financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures.

BOARD RESPONSIBILITY

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal controls and for implementing risk management practices for good corporate governance. However, the Board recognises that reviewing the adequacy of the Group's system of internal controls is a concerted and continuous process, designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

In pursuing these objectives, internal controls can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board confirms that there is an informal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group for the financial year under review and up to date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

KEY PROCESSES OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The key processes that the Board have established in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls, are as follows:

- The Group has in place an organisational structure that supports business and operational requirements, with clearly defined levels of responsibilities, lines of accountability and delegated authority with appropriate reporting procedures.
- The Board is assisted by the Audit Committee in specific areas in order to enhance the system of internal controls and corporate governance.
- The Executive Directors are involved in the day-to-day business operations of the Group. Scheduled informal operational and management meetings are held with senior management to identify, discuss and resolve business and operational issues. Significant matters identified during these meetings are highlighted to the Board.
- The Company's subsidiaries are accredited with ISO9001:2000. Documented internal procedures and standard operating procedures have been put in place and surveillance/certification audits are conducted on a periodic basis by assessors of the ISO certification body to ensure that standard operating procedures are being adhered to.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL



INTERNAL AUDIT

Presently the Group does not have an internal audit department. The Company had engaged a professional consulting firm in March 2004 to carry out the internal audit services, which provides support to the Audit Committee in discharging its duties with respect to the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls within the Group. During the year under review, the third party internal auditors carried out four audits based on the internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. The audit findings are deliberated and resolved with the senior management. The Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, reviews internal control issues identified and recommendations from reports by internal and external auditors on a regular basis.

Internal control weaknesses identified from the internal audits conducted are all being addressed by management. None of these weaknesses have resulted in any material loss that would require disclosure in the Group's Annual Report.

Conclusion

This Statement of Internal Control has been reviewed by the external auditors, who had reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls.

The Board and Management will continue to take measures and maintain an ongoing commitment to strengthen the Group's control environment and processes.

This Statement was made in accordance with a resolution of the Board dated 12 July 2012.

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Independent Auditors' Report



DIRECTORS' REPOR



The directors hereby submit their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and the Company for the year ended 31 March 2012.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding, software research and development, provision of e-business solutions through the sale of application software and professional services for software customisation and implementation. The principal activities of the subsidiaries and the associates are as stated in Note 7 and 8 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The Company is listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

RESULTS

	GROUP	
	RM	RM
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(4,399,508)	2,628,220

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the year except as disclosed in the financial statements.

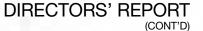
DIVIDENDS

No dividend was declared or paid since the end of the last financial year and the Directors do not recommend any dividend to be paid for the financial year ended 31 March 2012.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

Directors who served since the date of the last Directors' Report are:-

Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar (Chairman) Chan Wing Kong Victor John Stephen Price Onn Kien Hoe Chua Hock Hoo Suresh Parthasarathy



6. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholding, the interest of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares and options over ordinary shares in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares of RM0.10 each in the Company				
	As at			As at	
	1.4.2011	Bought	Sold	31.3.2012	
Direct interest					
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin					
Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	2,000,000	590,000	-	2,590,000	
Chan Wing Kong	16,770,230	-	-	16,770,230	
Victor John Stephen Price	8,608,211	-	-	8,608,211	
Indirect interest					
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin					
Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	24,783,250	-	-	24,783,250	

		ordinary sl	Number of opt nares of RM0.10	tions over each in the Com	pany
	Exercise price	As at			As at
	RM/share	1.4.2011	Granted	Exercised	31.3.2012
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin					
Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	0.10	840,000	320,000		1,160,000
Chan Wing Kong	0.10	560,000	200,000		760,000
Victor John Stephen Price	0.10	580,000	240,000		820,000
Onn Kien Hoe	0.10	700,000	280,000		980,000
Chua Hock Hoo	0.10	200,000	240,000		440,000

None of the Directors holding office at the end of the financial year had any other interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.

7. DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the financial statements, or the fixed salary of a full time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, other than certain Directors who have or are deemed to have substantial financial interests in companies which traded with certain companies in the Group in the ordinary course of business as disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate apart from the Employees' Share Option Scheme as explained in Section 8 of the Directors' Report.

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8. OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES

The Company's Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") for eligible employees and Directors of the Group and the Company was approved by the shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting held on 28 September 2004.

The salient features of the scheme are as follows:

- (i) The total number of new ordinary shares of RM0.10 each that may be made available under the ESOS shall not exceed thirty per cent (30%) of the issued and paid-up capital of the Company, subject to a maximum entitlement of fifteen per cent (15%) for the first 5 years.
- (ii) Eligible employees are Directors and confirmed employees of the Group (save and except for companies which are dormant) who meet the criteria of eligibility for participation as set out in the By Laws, at the date of the offer.
- (iii) The option is personal to the grantee and is non-assignable.
- (iv) An option may, at the discretion of the ESOS Committee, be determined based on a discount of not more than 10% from the 5-day weighted average market price of the underlying shares as shown in the Daily Official List issued by Bursa Malaysia for the 5 market days immediately preceding the Date of Offer in writing to the grantee.

The option price per new share shall in no event be less than the par value of the share.

(v) An option may be exercised by notice in writing to the Company in the precribed form from time to time during the option period in respect of all or any part of the new shares comprised in the option, provided that where an option is exercised in respect of a part of the new shares comprised therein, the number of new shares of which such an option may be exercised shall not be less than one hundred (100) and shall be in multiples of one hundred (100).

The number of options outstanding as at the end of the financial year are as follows:-

	Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.10 each in the Company						
	As at				As at		
Grant date	1.4.2011	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	31.3.2012		
15.6.2007	5,960,000	-	-	(380,000)	5,580,000		
1.10.2009	5,430,000	-	-	(200,000)	5,230,000		
1.10.2010	3,600,000	-	-	(200,000)	3,400,000		
15.4.2011	-	3,440,000	-	-	3,440,000		
	14,990,000	3,440,000	-	(780,000)	17,650,000		

Options outstanding at the end of the financial year have the following expiry date and exercise price:

	over ordina	Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.10 each in the Company Exercise					
	Exercise						
	price	Expiry	Number of	foptions			
Grant date	RM	date	2012	2011			
15.6.2007	0.10	30.10.2015	5,580,000	5,960,000			
1.10.2009	0.10	30.10.2015	5,230,000	5,430,000			
1.10.2010	0.10	30.10.2015	3,400,000	3,600,000			
15.4.2011	0.10	30.10.2015	3,440,000	_			
			17,650,000	14,990,000			

The names of option holders and the number of options granted during the financial years are as follows:-

Name of option holder	Exercise price (RM)	Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.10 each in the Company
Tan Yew Soon	0.10	630,000
Lai Teik Kin	0.10	360,000
Wong Pek Wai	0.10	490,000
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Almarhum Tuanku Ja'afar	0.10	320,000
Chan Wing Kong	0.10	200,000
Victor John Stephen Price	0.10	240,000
Onn Kien Hoe	0.10	280,000
Chua Hock Hoo	0.10	240,000
Tan Chee Ping	0.10	280,000
Seah Cheng Kwee	0.10	240,000
Ng Boon Swee	0.10	160,000

9. OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

Before the financial statements of the Group and the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:-

- (i) action had been taken in relation to writing off of bad debts and the making of allowances for doubtful debts, and have satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and adequate allowances had been made for doubtful debts; and
- (ii) any current assets which were unlikely to realise in the ordinary course of business, their values as stated in the accounting records of the Group and the Company have been written down to an amount which they might expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:-

- (i) that would render the amount of bad debts written off or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts, in the financial statements of the Group and the Company inadequate to any substantial extent;
- (ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and the Company misleading;
- (iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and the Company misleading or inappropriate; and
- (iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or in the financial statements, that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and the Company misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group and the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person; and
- (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent liability or other liability of the Group and the Company has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

In the opinion of the Directors:-

- the results of the operations of the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
- there has not arisen in the interval between 31 March 2012 and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the Group and the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

10. EVENT SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE SHEET DATE

On 2 April 2012, the Company had incorporated a subsidiary in the Republic of the Philippines under the name of "novaSOLUTIONS" (Philippines), Inc". The authorised capital stock of novaSOLUTIONS (Philippines), Inc is Philippines Peso eight hundred thousand (PHP 800,000) divided into 800,000 shares of PHP 1.00 each of which 800,000 shares have been issued at par and fully paid up. The Company had subscribed for 799,995 shares of PHP 1.00 each, representing an equity interest of 99.99%.

11. AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs Folks DFK & Co., have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors,

Y.A.M. TUNKU DATO' SERI NADZARUDDIN IBNI ALMARHUM TUANKU JA'AFAR

CHAN WING KONG

Kuala Lumpur, 12 July 2012



STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2012

		GROU	UP COMPANY		
		2012	2011	2012	2011
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
ASSETS					
Non-Current Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	5	403,052	207,175	64,514	83,467
Intangible assets	6	12,601,836	19,639,728	-	-
Investment in subsidiaries	7	-	-	28,885,638	10,292,156
Investment in associates	8	565,164	402,669	29,072	29,072
		13,570,052	20,249,572	28,979,224	10,404,695
Current Assets	_				
Amount due from contract customers	10	13,670,389	7,010,145	613,637	-
Trade and other receivables	11	4,532,282	10,558,964	155,898	16,291,187
Tax recoverable		3,754	2,745	3,754	2,745
Cash and bank balances	12	6,477,741	2,431,602	280,676	714,777
		24,684,166	20,003,456	1,053,965	17,008,709
TOTAL ASSETS	=	38,254,218	40,253,028	30,033,189	27,413,404
EQUITY					
Share capital	13	40,279,800	40,279,800	40,279,800	40,279,800
Share premium	14	8,307,010	8,307,010	8,307,010	8,307,010
Accumulated losses		(26,997,316)	(22,643,392)	(23,203,048)	(25,876,852
Equity compensation reserve		958,452	854,396	958,452	854,396
Foreign currency translation reserve		3,100,518	2,707,015	-	
Equity attributable to the	_				
shareholders of the Company		25,648,464	29,504,829	26,342,214	23,564,354
LIABILITIES					
Non-Current Liabilities					
Bank borrowings	17	811,666	-	-	-
Current Liabilities					
Amount due to contract customers	10	132,476	948,627	-	-
Trade and other payables	17	10,038,278	8,611,677	3,690,975	3,246,747
Bank borrowings	16	1,623,334	1,187,895	-	602,303
		11,794,088	10,748,199	3,690,975	3,849,050
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,605,754	10,748,199	3,690,975	3,849,050
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	38,254,218	40,253,028	30,033,189	27,413,404

The notes on pages 37 to 81 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

		GROUP		СОМРА	NY
		2012	2011	2012	2011
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Revenue	18	32,269,579	24,442,020	1,400,189	316,598
Other income		252,965	111,920	-	-
Net reversal of impairment loss for investment in subsidiary companies		-	-	3,869,353	-
Employee benefits expenses	19	(15,348,095)	(11,546,818)	(1,618,442)	(1,239,370)
Hardware and material costs		(7,863,839)	(4,427,977)	(82,572)	-
Office rental		(892,472)	(704,351)	(98,052)	(95,352)
Other expenses		(2,400,634)	(3,168,746)	(763,837)	(1,095,937)
Depreciation and amortisation		(5,729,330)	(4,609,508)	(56,401)	(46,510)
Impairment loss for intangible assets		(4,753,026)	-	-	-
Interest income		25,304	27,173	19,961	20,564
Finance costs	20	(144,559)	(151,894)	(36,989)	(37,477)
Share of profit of associates	_	189,589	309,456	-	
(Loss)/profit before taxation	22	(4,394,518)	281,275	2,633,210	(2,177,484)
Tax expense	23 _	(4,990)	(5,141)	(4,990)	(5,141)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(4,399,508)	276,134	2,628,220	(2,182,625)
Other comprehensive income					
Foreign currency translation	_	393,503	898,332	-	
Other comprehensive income					
for the year, net of tax	_	393,503	898,332	-	<u> </u>
Total comprehensive (loss)/income					
for the year	_	(4,006,005)	1,174,466	2,628,220	(2,182,625)
(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE					
Basic	24	(1.09 sen)	0.07 sen		
Fully diluted	24 _	N.A.	0.07 sen		
	_				

The notes on pages 37 to 81 form part of these financial statements.



CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	А					
	No	on-distributab	le	Non-distri	butable	
				Equity	Foreign currency	
	Share	Share	Accumulated	Compensation	Translation	
	Capital	Premium	Losses	Reserve	Reserve	Total
GROUP	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
2012						
At 1 April 2011	40,279,800	8,307,010	(22,643,392)	854,396	2,707,015	29,504,829
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(4,399,508)	-	393,503	(4,006,005)
Transfer to retained earnings on ESOS lapsed	-	-	45,584	(45,584)	-	-
Equity compensation arising						-
from Group ESOS	-	-	-	149,640	-	149,640
At 31 March 2012	40,279,800	8,307,010	(26,997,316)	958,452	3,100,518	25,648,464
2011						
At 1 April 2010	40,279,800	8,307,010	(23,195,397)	948,764	1,808,683	28,148,860
Total comprehensive income	-	-	276,134	-	898,332	1,174,466
Transfer to retained earnings on ESOS lapsed	-	-	275,871	(275,871)	-	-
Equity compensation arising						
from Group ESOS	-	-	-	181,503	-	181,503
At 31 March 2011	40,279,800	8,307,010	(22,643,392)	854,396	2,707,015	29,504,829



STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(CONT'D)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Attribu	Attributable to the shareholders of the Company				
	N	on-distributa	ble	Non-distributable		
				Equity		
	Share	Share	Accumulated	Compensation		
	Capital	Premium	Losses	Reserve	Total	
COMPANY	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	
2012						
As at 1 April 2011	40,279,800	8,307,010	(25,876,852)	854,396	23,564,354	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	2,628,220	-	2,628,220	
Transfer to retained earnings on ESOS lapsed	-	-	45,584	(45,584)	-	
Equity compensation arising from Group ESOS		-	-	149,640	149,640	
As at 31 March 2012	40,279,800	8,307,010	(23,203,048)	958,452	26,342,214	
2011						
As at 1 April 2010	40,279,800	8,307,010	(23,970,098)	948,764	25,565,476	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	(2,182,625)	-	(2,182,625)	
Transfer to retained earnings on ESOS lapsed	-	-	275,871	(275,871)	-	
Equity compensation arising from Group ESOS				181,503	181,503	
As at 31 March 2011	40,279,800	8,307,010	(25,876,852)	854,396	23,564,354	



STATEMENTS OF

	GROL	JP	COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(4,394,518)	281,275	2,633,210	(2,177,484
Adjustments for:				
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,555,737	4,490,878	-	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	173,593	118,630	56,401	46,510
Impairment loss on trade receivables	-	620,754	-	500,108
Impairment loss on intangible assets	4,753,026	-	-	
Net reversal of impairment loss for				
investment in subsidiary companies	-		(3,869,353)	
Property, plant and equipment written off	1,498	-	-	
Loss/(gain) on foreign exchange (net)	80,754	(472,166)	-	
Share of associates profits	(189,589)	(309,456)	-	
Interest expense	144,559	151,894	36,989	37,477
Interest income	(25,304)	(27,173)	(19,961)	(20,564
Share-based compensation expense	149,640	182,144	62,640	65,464
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	6,249,396	5,036,780	(1,100,074)	(1,548,489
Changes in working capital:				
Amount due from contract customers	(7,476,395)	1,127,712	(613,637)	
Trade and other receivables	6,026,682	(8,465,034)	1,498,161	(275,683
Trade and other payables	1,426,601	2,799,219	444,228	175,126
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	6,226,284	498,677	228,678	(1,649,046
Income tax paid	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000
Interest paid	(144,559)	(150,510)	(36,989)	(37,477
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	6,075,725	342,167	185,689	(1,692,523
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(389,649)	(122,288)	(37,448)	(34,735
Development expenditure incurred, net	,	•	•	, ,
of government grant received	(2,942,105)	(1,602,785)	-	
Dividend received from an associate	32,665	-	-	
Investment in associates	- ,	(56,722)	<u>-</u>	
Interest received	25,304	27,173	19,961	20,564
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,273,785)	(1,754,622)	(17,487)	(14,171

The notes on pages 37 to 81 form part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	GROL	IP	COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES				
Decrease in pledged deposits				
placed with licensed banks	1,293,832	190,027	600,000	-
Repayment of bank borrowings	(594,627)	(759,959)	-	-
Drawdown of bank borrowings	2,435,000	-	-	-
Net cash generated from/(used in)				
financing activities	3,134,205	(569,932)	600,000	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH				
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,936,145	(1,982,387)	768,202	(1,706,694
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT				
BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	(90,328)	1,872,417	(487,526)	1,219,168
FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCE				
ON OPENING BALANCE	6,129	19,642	-	_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
AT END OF THE YEAR	5,851,946	(90,328)	280,676	(487,526)

Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statements comprise the following balance sheet amounts:

	GROU	GROUP		NY
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cash and bank balances	3,253,423	381,493	117,153	5,877
Deposits with licensed banks	3,224,318	2,050,109	163,523	708,900
Less: Fixed deposit pledged with banks	(625,795)	(1,919,627)	-	(600,000)
	2,598,523	130,482	163,523	108,900
Bank overdrafts	-	(602,303)	-	(602,303)
	5,851,946	(90,328)	280,676	(487,526)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 MARCH 2012

1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding, software research and development, provision of e-business solutions through the sale of application software and professional services for software customisation and implementation. The principal activities of the subsidiaries and the associates are as stated in Note 7 and 8 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 July 2012.

The Company is a public limited company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia.

The Company is listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The address of the Company's registered office is No. 1 & 1A, 2nd Floor, Jalan Ipoh Kecil, 50350 Kuala Lumpur.

The principal place of business of the Company are:-

- -2-D Block 2330, Century Square, 63000 Cyberjaya
- -E33-3A, Dataran 3 Two Square, No 2, Jalan 19/1, 46300 Petaling Jaya

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted by the Group and the Company, unless otherwise stated below, are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year.

3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and the Company are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated in this summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements comply with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRSs") and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The accounting policies adopted by the Group and the Company are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year other than the adoption of the new and revised Financial Reporting Standards ("FRSs"), Issues Committee ("IC") Interpretations and amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), as set out in Note 3.2 below, which are effective from the beginning of the current financial year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia requires management to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and which may have significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. It also requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the results reported for the reporting period and that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Although these judgement and estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ. The areas involving a high degree of judgement or complexity or areas where estimates and assumptions are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.2 New and Revised FRSs, IC Interpretations and Amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations Adopted by the Group and the Company

During the financial year, the Group and the Company has adopted the following new and revised FRSs, IC Interpretations and amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations which are effective from the beginning of the current financial year:-

FRS 1 First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards (Revised)

FRS 3 Business Combinations (Revised)

FRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (Revised)
Amendments to FRS 1 First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards

- Limited Exemption from Comparative FRS 7 Disclosure for First-time Adopters

- Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters

Amendments to FRS 2 Share-based Payment

- Scope of FRS 2 and revised FRS 3

- Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions

Amendments to FRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

Amendments to FRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

- Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments

Amendments to FRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation

- Classification of Rights Issues

Amendments to FRS 138 Intangible Assets

- Additional consequential amendments arising from revised FRS 3

IC Interpretation 4 Determining whethe an Arrangement contains a Lease

Amendments to IC Interpretation 9 Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives

- Scope of IC Interpretation 9 and revised FRS 3

IC Interpretation 12 Service Concession Arrangements

IC Interpretation 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation

IC Interpretation 17 Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners

IC Interpretation 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers

Amendments to FRSs Classified as "Improvement to FRSs (2010)"

There is no impact on the Group and the Company arising from the adoption of FRS 1 and Amendments to FRS 1 as this is not the first time that FRSs are adopted. The adoption of the other new and revised FRSs and IC Interpretations and amendments to FRSs did not result in any significant effect on the financial position and financial performance of the Group and of the Company nor any significant changes in the presentation and disclosure of amounts in the financial statements other than those as described hereunder:-

(a) FRS 3, Business Combinations (Revised)

The adoption of the revised FRS 3 had resulted in several changes in the accounting for business combinations. Under the revised FRS 3, consideration transferred in a business combination, including contingent consideration, is measured and recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in fair value of contingent considerations classified as liabilities are recognised in accordance with FRS 139, FRS 137 or other FRSs as appropriate, rather than by adjusting goodwill. Acquisition-related costs are now recognised as expenses in the period in which the costs are incurred rather than included in goodwill.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.2 New and Revised FRSs, IC Interpretations and Amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations Adopted by the Group and the Company (Cont'd)

(a) FRS 3, Business Combinations (Revised) (cont'd)

In a business combination achieved in stages, any equity interest held prior to the date on which control is obtained shall now be remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For each business combination, non-controlling interest is measured either at fair value or at its proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets. Previously, only the latter was permitted.

The revised FRS 3 applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after 1 January 2011. Other than the changes in accounting policies, the adoption of this revised standard during the year did not give rise to any material impact on the financial statements of the Group.

(b) FRS 127, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (Revised)

The revised FRS 127 requires that the total comprehensive income be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interest even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance. Previously, excess losses were allocated to the owners of the parent, except to the extent that the non-controlling interest had a binding obligation and was able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the loss of control are now accounted for as equity transactions. There were no requirements for such transactions in the previous Standard.

Any investment retained in the former subsidiary is now measured at fair value at the date when control is lost. Previously, the carrying amount of an investment retained in a former subsidiary was regarded as its cost.

The revised FRS 127 is applied prospectively and other than the changes in accounting policies, its adoption during the year did not give rise to any material impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

(c) Amendments to FRS 7, Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments

The Amendments to FRS 7 require enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements and liquidity risks. Disclosure of fair value measurements of financial instruments has been enhanced by classifying them using a three-level fair value hierarchy. In addition, specific disclosures on significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and a detailed reconciliation for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are now required.

In accordance with the transitional provisions of Amendments to FRS 7, the new disclosures have not been provided for the comparative period. The adoption of these Amendments affected only the disclosures in financial statements and did not have any financial impact on the Group and the Company.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.3 New and Revised FRSs, IC Interpretations and Amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations That Are Not Yet Effective and Have Not Been Early Adopted

The Group and the Company has not early adopted the following new and revised FRSs and IC Interpretations and amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations which have been issued but not yet effective:-

		Effective for annual
		periods beginning
		on or after
Amendments to IC Interpretation 14	Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement	1 July 2011
IC Interpretation 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	1 July 2011
FRS 124	Related Party Disclosures	1 January 2012
Amendments to FRS 1	Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters	1 January 2012
Amendments to FRS 7	Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets	1 January 2012
Amendments to FRS 112	Deferred Tax - Recovery of Underlying Assets	1 January 2012
Amendments to FRS 101	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	1 July 2012
Amendments to FRS 7	Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2013
FRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2013
FRS 11	Joint Arrangements	1 January 2013
FRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	1 January 2013
FRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	1 January 2013
FRS 119	Employee Benefits	1 January 2013
FRS 127	Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2013
FRS 128	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	1 January 2013
IC Interpretation 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine	1 January 2013
Amendments to FRS 132	Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2014
FRS 9	Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") in November 2009)	1 January 2015*
FRS 9	Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") in October 2010)	1 January 2015*
•	Transition Disclosures - Amendments to FRS 9 (IFRS 9 issued FRS 9 issued by IASB in October 2010) and FRS 7	1 March 2012

^{*} The mandatory effective date of FRS 9 has been changed from 1 January 2013 to 1 January 2015 by the MASB

As explained below, the Group and the Company will be adopting the new Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") accounting framework issued by MASB in preparing its next set of financial statements. The Group and the Company will therefore not be adopting the above new and revised FRSs, IC Interpretations and their amendments which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.3 New and Revised FRSs, IC Interpretations and Amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations That Are Not Yet Effective and Have Not Been Early Adopted (Cont'd)

MFRS Framework

On 19 November 2011, the MASB issued a new MASB approved accounting framework, the MFRS framework in conjunction with MASB's plan to converge with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The MFRS framework comprises standards which are equivalent to the IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The MFRS Framework is to be applied by all Entities Other Than Private Entities for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012, with the exception of entities that are within the scope of MFRS 141 and IC Interpretation 15 including its parent, significant investor and venturer (herein called "Transitioning Entities"). Transitioning Entities are allowed to defer adoption of the MFRS Framework for an additional one year (i.e. adoption of MFRS Framework for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

All the FRSs issued under the existing MASB's FRSs framework are equivalent to the MFRSs issued except that there are no equivalent FRSs to MFRS 141, Agriculture and IC Interpretation 15, Agreements for Construction of Real Estate issued under the MFRS Framework and differences in relation to transitional provisions.

The Group and the Company will prepare its first MFRS financial statements for the financial year ending 31 March 2013 which will also include an opening MFRS statement of financial position at the date of transition to MFRSs which is 1 April 2011.

The Group and the Company expects that there will be no significant impact on its financial position and financial performance upon the adoption of the MFRS framework.

3.4 **Basis of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to the balance sheet date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company.

Subsidiaries are those entities in which the Group has the power to exercise control over the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities. In assessing control, the existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are taken into account. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting except for subsidiaries arising from common control transfers. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is measured at fair value and is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred, liabilities incurred, equity interests issued and contingent consideration given. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as an expense in the periods in which the costs are incurred.

In a business combination achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets that are classified as held for sale which shall be recognised at fair value less costs to sell.

For acquisitions on or after 1 January 2011, goodwill is measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest and the acquisition-date fair value of any previously held equity interest over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. For acquisitions prior to 1 January 2011, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. The excess of the Group's interest in the net amounts of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the aggregate of the consideration transferred the amount of any non-controlling interest and the acquisition-date fair value of any previously held equity interest is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

-31 MARCH 2012

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.4 Basis of Consolidation (Cont'd)

Subsidiaries arising from common control combinations are consolidated using the principles of merger accounting. The common control combinations are business combinations in which all the combining entities have common ultimate controlling parties prior to and immediately after such combinations. Under the principles of merger accounting, the assets and liabilities of the combining entities are consolidated using the existing book values from the controlling parties' perspective and the results of each of the combining entity are presented as if the combination had been effected throughout the current and previous comparative periods presented. On consolidation, the cost of investment is matched against the nominal value of ordinary shares acquired and any resulting credit difference (merger reserve) is classified under equity as a non distributable reserve and any resulting debit differences (merger deficit) is adjusted against suitable consolidated reserves.

Non-controlling interest represents that portion of profit or loss and net assets of a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Group. For each business combination, non-controlling interest is measured either at its fair value at the acquisition date or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the subsidiary's identifiable net assets. Non-controlling interest in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries comprised the amount of non-controlling interest at the date of original combination and its share of changes in equity since the date of combination.

In preparing consolidated financial statements, intra-group balances and transactions and the resulting unrealized profits are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are eliminated on consolidation and the relevant assets are assessed for impairment. The consolidated financial statements reflect external transactions and balances only. The total comprehensive income of a subsidiary is attributed to the Group and to the non-controlling interest even if this results in the non controlling interest having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. If the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary and non-controlling interests will be derecognized at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary is recognised at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The resulting difference between the amounts derecognized and the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and investment retained is recognised as gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the Group.

3.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis to write down the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value.

The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

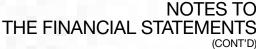
Renovations 33 1/3%

Computers and office equipment 33 1/3%

Furniture and fittings 33 1/3%

The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate, where expectations differ from previous estimates. Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for impairment of assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the net carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group and the Company assesses at each reporting date whether there in an indication that an asset (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) may be impaired. If any such an indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group and the Company makes an estimate of the assets recoverable amount. For goodwill, intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life and intangible assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated at the end of each reporting period or more frequently when indicators of impairment are identified.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGU's are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss except for assets that were previously revalued and where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exists or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is measured at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

3.7 Investments in Subsidiaries

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are reviewed for impairment in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for impairment of non-financial assets.

3.8 Investments in Associates

An associate is an entity, including an unincorporated entity, in which the Group have significant influence but not control or joint control over the financial and operating policies of such an entity.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in associate is accounted for at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investment in associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting (except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with FRS 5, Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontiuned Operations) and are initially recognised at cost. Under the equity method of accounting, the Group's share of the associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition changes in net assets of the associate are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Equity accounting is discontinued when the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate unless the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. Unrealised losses are eliminated on consolidation and the relevant assets are assessed for impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.8 Investments in Associates (Cont'd)

Goodwill relating to an associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortised. Any excess of the Group's share of net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment and is instead included as income in the determination of the Group's share of the associate's profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

In applying the equity method of accounting, the latest audited financial statements of the associates are used. Where the dates of the audited financial statements used are not coterminous with those of the Group, the share of results is arrived at from the last audited financial statements available, where necessary, appropriate adjustments are made to the financial statements of the associate to ensure consistency of the accounting policies used with those of the Group

3.9 Intangible Assets

Research costs and development expenditure

Research costs are charged as an expense in the profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred. Costs incurred on development project are recognised as intangible assets when all the following criteria are fulfilled:

- (i) it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- (ii) management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- (iii) there is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- (iv) it can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- (v) adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are avaliable; and
- (vi) the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

Other development expenditure that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period. Capitalised development cost are recorded as intangible assets.

Subsequent cost on capitalised product development expenditure are capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other costs are expensed as incurred.

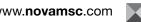
Development expenditure capitalised are tested for impairment annually, in accordance with the accounting policy on impairment of assets.

Computer software

Computer software which is acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and imparment losses, if any.

Amortisation

Capitalised development expenditure and other intangible assets are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives of 8 years.





SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.10 Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and availablefor-sale financial assets.

a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets held for trading are derivatives (including separated embedded derivatives) or financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss do not include exchange differences, interest and dividend income. Exchange differences, interest and dividend income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised separately in profit or loss as part of other losses or other income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss could be presented as current or non-current. Financial assets that are held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current whereas financial assets that are not held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current or non-current based on settlement date.

b) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

c) **Held-to-maturity investments**

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold the investment to maturity.

Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the held-to-maturity investments are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Held-to-maturity investments are classified as non-current assets, except for those having maturity within 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as current.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.10 Financial Assets (Cont'd)

d) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or at fair value through profit or loss. Available-for-sale financial assets include quoted and unquoted equity and debt instruments that are not held-for-trading.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Group and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

3.11 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset, other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, is impaired. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the assets and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be reliably estimated. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. For a quoted entity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in fair value of the investment below its cost is considered to be an objective evidence of impairment.

An amount of impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate i.e. the effective rate computed at initial recognition. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through an allowance account. The amount of loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account to the extent that the carrying amount of the financial asset does not exceed its amortised cost had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.12 Government Grants

Asset-related government grants for the development of e-business solutions are deducted from the product development expenditure incurred to arrive at the cost of the e-business solutions. The net cost is amortised on a systematic basis based on the estimated revenue to be derived from the use of the intangible asset over its estimated useful life.

Income-related government grants are recognised in the profit or loss over the periods necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

All government grants are accounted for on an accrual basis when there is reasonable assurance that the Group has complied with all terms and conditions attached to them and that there is reasonable certainty that the grants will be received.

3.13 Contract Work-In-Progress

When the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract cost incurred that is probably recoverable and contract cost is recognised as expense in the period in which it is incurred.

When the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract cost are recognised over the period of the contract as revenue and expenses respectively.

The Group uses the percentage of completion method to determine the appropriate amount of revenue and cost to recognise in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total costs for the contract. When it is probable that the total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

The aggregate of the costs incurred and the profit/loss recognised on each contract is compared against the progress billings up to the financial year end. Where costs incurred and recognised profit (less recognised losses) exceeds progress billings, the balance is shown as amounts due from customers on contracts under current assets. Where progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profit (less recognised losses), the balance is shown as amounts due to customers on contracts under current liabilities.

Cost of contracts include direct labour and other costs related to contract performance.

3.14 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with bank and highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits.

3.15 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of FRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.15 Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities held for trading include derivatives entered into by the Group and the Company that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria. Derivative liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value, with any resultant gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gains or losses recognised in profit or loss do not include any exchange differences or interest paid on the financial liability. Exchange differences and interest expense on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised separately in profit or loss as part of other income or other expenses.

The Group and the Company have not designated any financial liabilities as fair value through profit or loss items.

b) Other financial liabilities

The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

3.16 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in profit or loss over the period of the guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relating to financial guarantee contract when it is due and the Group, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.17 Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as expenses in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when absences occur.

Defined contribution plans

The Group make contributions to the Employee Provident Fund ("EPF"), the national contribution plan in Malaysia and the Central Provident Fund ("CPF"), a defined contribution plan managed by the Government of Singapore. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

Equity compensation benefits

The employee share option programme allows Group employees to acquire shares of the Company. When the options are exercised, equity is increased by the amount of the proceeds received.

The total fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in the equity compensation reserve within equity over the vesting period and taking into account the probability that the options will vest. The fair values of share options are measured at grant date, taking into account the market vesting conditions, if any, upon which the options were granted but excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable on vesting date.

At each reporting date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable on vesting date. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the profit or loss, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period. The equity amount is recognised in the equity compensation reserve until the option is exercised, upon which it will be transferred to share premium, or until the options expire, upon which it will be transferred directly to retained earnings.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to equity when the options are exercised.

3.18 Income Tax

Tax expense is the aggregate amount of current and deferred taxation. Current and deferred taxes are recognised as income or expense in profit or loss except to the extent that the taxes relate to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity or a business combination.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided for using the liability method on temporary differences at end of the reporting period between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the amounts attributed to those assets and liabilities for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unabsorbed tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the assets can be utilised.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.18 Income Tax (Cont'd)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period are used to determine deferred tax.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

3.19 Foreign Currency

Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currencies using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date of the transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains or losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are recognised directly to other comprehensive income.

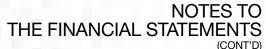
Foreign Operations

The results and financial position of foreign operations that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency (RM) of the consolidated financial statements are translated into RM as follows:-

- (i) Assets and liabilities for each financial position date presented are translated at the closing rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period;
- (ii) Items of income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the year, which approximates the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions; and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and are accumulated in exchange translation reserve within equity.

Exchange differences arising from monetary items that form part of the Company's net investment in a foreign operation and that are denominated in the functional currency of the Company or the foreign operation are recognised in the profit or loss of the Company or of the foreign operation, as appropriate. In the Group financial statements, such exchange differences are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under exchange translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount recognised in other comprehensive income and taken to equity under exchange translation reserve will be reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

3.20 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognised:

Consultancy contracts

Consultancy contracts comprise sale of specific e-business solutions to customers, including license and hardware revenue.

Revenue from consultancy contracts is recognised in accordance with the accounting policy disclosed in Note 3.13.

Maintenance services

Revenue from maintenance services rendered are recognised on a straight line basis over the life of the contract.

Licensing revenue

Licensing revenue is recognised upon delivery, provided that no significant obligations remain, no significant uncertainties exist with respect to product acceptance and collection is probable.

3.21 Expenses

Operating lease payments

Rental payable under operating leases are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the period of the respective leases.

Interest expense

Interest expense and similar charges are expensed in the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

3.22 Segment Information

Segment revenues and expenses are those directly attributable to the segments and include any joint revenue and expenses where a reasonable basis of allocation exists. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist principally of cash, short term deposits, receivables, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortisation and impairment losses, if any). Most segment assets can be directly attributed to the segment on a reasonable basis. Segment assets and liabilities do not include income tax asset and liabilities respectively.

4. FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Transactions and balances included in the financial statements of the Company and each of its subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements of the Group and the Company are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

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5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Computers		
		and office	Furniture	
	Renovations	equipment	and fittings	Total
GROUP	RM	RM	RM	RM
2012				
Cost				
At 1 April 2011	278,758	1,399,674	370,517	2,048,949
Additions	49,528	340,121	-	389,649
Written - off	-	(602,008)	(345,992)	(948,000)
Exchange differences	2,985	15,321	5,439	23,745
At 31 March 2012	331,271	1,153,108	29,964	1,514,343
Deduct : Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2011	240,830	1,237,239	363,705	1,841,774
Charge for the year	41,277	148,609	4,364	194,250
Written - off	-	(600,510)	(345,992)	(946,502)
Exchange differences	2,979	13,419	5,371	21,769
At 31 March 2012	285,086	798,757	27,448	1,111,291
Net book value at 31 March 2012	46,185	354,351	2,516	403,052
Depreciation charge for the year:				
Recognised in Statements of Comprehensive Income	41,277	127,952	4,364	173,593
Capitalised as development expenditure	-	20,657	-	20,657
	41,277	148,609	4,364	194,250
GROUP		:-		
2011				
Cost				
At 1 April 2010	273,112	1,251,738	359,449	1,884,299
Additions	· -	121,485	803	122,288
Exchange differences	5,646	26,451	10,265	42,362
At 31 March 2011	278,758	1,399,674	370,517	2,048,949
Deduct : Accumulated depreciation		.,,		
At 1 April 2010	206,738	1,114,849	349,423	1,671,010
Charge for the year	28,446	97,924	4,151	130,521
Exchange differences	5,646	24,466	10,131	40,243
At 31 March 2011	240,830	1,237,239	363,705	1,841,774
Net book value at 31 March 2011	37,928	162,435	6,812	207,175
Depreciation charge for the year:	07,320	102,400	0,012	201,110
Recognised in Statements of Comprehensive Income	28,446	86,033	4,151	118,630
Capitalised as development expenditure	20,440	11,891	4,101	11,891
Capitalised as development expenditure	20 116		л 151	·
	28,446	97,924	4,151	130,521



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5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

		Computers		
		and office	Furniture	
	Renovations	equipment	and fittings	Total
COMPANY	RM	RM	RM	RM
2012				
Cost				
At 1 April 2011	85,338	406,744	18,086	510,168
Additions		37,448	-	37,448
At 31 March 2012	85,338	444,192	18,086	547,616
Deduct : Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2011	47,410	363,672	15,619	426,701
Charge for the year	28,446	26,105	1,850	56,401
At 31 March 2012	75,856	389,777	17,469	483,102
Net book value at 31 March 2012	9,482	54,415	617	64,514
COMPANY				
2011				
Cost				
At 1 April 2010	85,338	372,009	18,086	475,433
Additions	-	34,735	-	34,735
At 31 March 2011	85,338	406,744	18,086	510,168
Deduct : Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2010	18,964	347,458	13,769	380,191
Charge for the year	28,446	16,214	1,850	46,510
At 31 March 2011	47,410	363,672	15,619	426,701
Net book value at 31 March 2011	37,928	43,072	2,467	83,467

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6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

GROUP software expenditure Total RM Water 2012 Coest Total Canal C		Computer	Development	
RIN RIN				Total
Cost At 1 April 2011 3,661,10 60,267,129 63,928,236 Amount capitalised during the year 56,488 999,803 966,308 Exchange differences 56,488 999,803 966,308 At 31 March 2012 3,717,592 64,150,764 67,877,367 Beduct Government grant 1 4,079,682 4,079,682 4,079,682 4,142,629	GROUP			
At 1 April 2011 3,661,103 60,267,128 63,928,232 Amount capitalised during the year 5,648,68 99,883 986,838 At 31 March 2012 3,717,592 64,169,784 67,877,376 Deduct: Government grant 41,401,2011 6,247 4,079,682 4,079,682 Exchange differences 6,247 4,029,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,682 4,072,482 4,072,482 4	2012			
Amount capitalised during the year 2,962,762 2,962,762 Exchange differences 56.483 309,833 986,332 At 31 March 2012 3,717,592 64.59,784 6,787,805 Doduct: Government grant 4,079,682 4,079,682 62,947 Exchange differences 6.2,947 62,947 62,947 At 31 March 2012 1,200,000 39,580,578 At 1 April 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Amortisation charge for the year 239,23 5,116,444 5,555,737 Exchange differences 49,10 56,870 607,975 Amortisation charge for the year 239,23 5,116,444 5,555,737 Exchange differences 49,10 42,268,744 45,744,288 At 31 March 2012 28,244 42,268,744 45,744,288 Deduct: Accumulated impeliment losses 1 4,753,026 45,744,288 At 1 April 2012 2 3,91 3,062,022 1,262,688 12,601,836 At 1 April 2014 3,554,23 5,388,623 1,588,623	Cost			
Exchange differences 56,489 929,893 980,803 At 31 March 2012 3,717,592 64,169,784 67,877,376 Deduct: Government grant 4.1 April 2011 9.40,79,682 4,079,	At 1 April 2011	3,661,103	60,267,129	63,928,232
At 31 March 2012 3,717,592 64,169,784 67,877,307 Deduct: Government grant 41,079,662 4,142,629 4,142,62	Amount capitalised during the year	-	2,962,762	2,962,762
Doduct: Government grant 4,079,682 4,079,682 4,079,682 4,079,682 4,079,682 5,049,7 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 62,947 41,42,629 4,142,629 4,142,629 4,142,629 2,142,629 2,142,629 2,142,629 2,142,629 2,142,629 2,142,629 2,142,629 2,142,629 3,183,414 3,558,737 2,142,629 3,184,414 5,558,737 2,242,625,874 4,674,428 3,242,625,874 4,674,428 3,242,424 <t< td=""><td>Exchange differences</td><td>56,489</td><td>929,893</td><td>986,382</td></t<>	Exchange differences	56,489	929,893	986,382
At 1 April 2011 4,079,682 4,079,682 Exchange differences - 62,947 62,947 At 31 March 2012 - 4,142,629 4,142,629 Deduct: Accumulated amortisation 31,900,118 56,930,560 39,580,573 Art 1 April 2011 9,190,018 56,807,60 30,580,573 Exchange differences 49,103 55,870 607,973 At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,265,874 62,744,288 Beduct: Accumulated impairment losses - 62,8244 62,8244 Impairment charge for the year 9,380,580 47,530,26 47,530,26 Exchange differences 2,381,281 32,822,28 47,530,26 47,530,26 Exchange differences 2,381,281 12,826,883 12,601,386 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 47,530,26 48,530,26 48,530,26 48,530,26	At 31 March 2012	3,717,592	64,159,784	67,877,376
Exchange differences 6.2,947 6.2,947 At 31 March 2012 - 4,142,629 4,142,629 Deduct: Accumulated amortisation 3,190,018 36,390,660 39,580,578 At 1 April 2011 3,190,018 36,390,660 39,580,578 Exchange differences 49,103 558,870 607,973 At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,265,874 45,744,288 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses 41,783,026 4,753,026 4,753,026 At 1 April 2011 62,8244 62,8248 62,8244 62,8243 63,834,834 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,8248 62,824,828<	Deduct : Government grant			
At 31 March 2012 4,142,629 4,142,629 Deduct: Accumulated amortisation 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 At 1 April 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,573 Exchange differences 49,103 558,670 607,973 At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,265,874 45,744,288 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses 41,753,026 4,753,026 At 1 April 2011 6,882,44 628,244 Impairment charge for the year 4,753,026 4,753,026 Exchange differences 7,353 7,353 7,353 At 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,668 12,601,836 201 3,554,232 56,981,874 60,506,106 At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,981,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year 16,62,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,982,332 Exchange differences 1,90,918 1,19,091 119,	At 1 April 2011	-	4,079,682	4,079,682
Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 At 1 April 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Amortisation charge for the year 239,293 5,316,444 5,555,737 Exchange differences 49,103 558,870 607,973 At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,265,874 457,42,288 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses - 628,244 628,244 Impairment charge for the year - 7,530 7,530 Exchange differences - 7,353 7,535 At 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 Net book value at 31 March 2012 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year - 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 - 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091	Exchange differences	-	62,947	62,947
At 1 April 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,573 Amortisation charge for the year 239,293 5,316,444 5,555,737 Exchange differences 49,103 558,870 607,973 At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,265,874 45,744,288 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses 4 628,244 452,4248 Impairment charge for the year 4,753,026 4,753,026 4,753,026 4,753,026 4,753,026 4,753,026 5,388,623 5,186,123 4,196,138 4,196,138 </td <td>At 31 March 2012</td> <td>-</td> <td>4,142,629</td> <td>4,142,629</td>	At 31 March 2012	-	4,142,629	4,142,629
Amortisation charge for the year 239,293 5,316,444 5,555,737 Exchange differences 49,103 558,870 607,973 At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,266,874 45,744,288 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses 3,478,414 42,266,874 45,744,288 At 1 April 2011	Deduct : Accumulated amortisation			
Exchange differences 49,103 558,870 607,978 At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,265,874 45,744,288 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses 3,478,414 42,265,874 45,744,288 At 1 April 2011 9 628,244 628,244 Impairment charge for the year 9 7,353 7,532 Exchange differences 5,388,623 5,388,623 5,388,623 At 31 March 2012 299,178 12,362,688 12,601,836 At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year 9 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 9 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences 9 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences 119,091 119,091 At 1 April 2010 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,079,682 4,079,682 Exchange diff	At 1 April 2011	3,190,018	36,390,560	39,580,578
At 31 March 2012 3,478,414 42,265,874 45,744,288 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses 4 628,244 628,244 At 1 April 2011 - 628,244 628,244 Impairment charge for the year 4,753,026 4,753,026 Exchange differences - 7,353 7,353 At 31 March 2012 - 5,388,623 5,388,623 Net book value at 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 2011 - 1,602,765 12,601,836 At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year - 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 - 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct: Accumulated amortisation - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Exchange differences 90,193	Amortisation charge for the year	239,293	5,316,444	5,555,737
Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2011 628,244 628,244 At 1 April 2011 - 628,244 628,244 Impairment charge for the year 4,753,026 4,753,026 Exchange differences - 7,353 7,353 At 31 March 2012 - 5,388,623 5,388,623 Net book value at 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 2011 Cost At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year - 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct: Government grant 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 119,091 At 1 April 2010 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Exchange differences 23,1592 4,490,878 Armortisation charge for the year 23,1592 4,490,878	Exchange differences	49,103	558,870	607,973
At 1 April 2011 628,244 628,244 Impairment charge for the year 4,753,026 4,753,026 Exchange differences 7,353 7,353 At 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 Bot book value at 31 March 2012 3354,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct : Government grant 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Exchange differences 119,091 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Exchange differences 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 31	At 31 March 2012	3,478,414	42,265,874	45,744,288
Impairment charge for the year 4,753,026 4,753,026 Exchange differences - 7,353 7,353 At 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 2011 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 2015 2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2012 2013 2013 2014 60,506,106 2014 2014 2014 2015 2015 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2017 2018	Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses			
Exchange differences - 7,353 7,353 At 31 March 2012 - 5,388,623 5,388,623 Net book value at 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 2011 Cost	At 1 April 2011	-	628,244	628,244
At 31 March 2012 5,388,623 5,388,623 5,388,623 5,388,623 12,601,836 2011 Cost At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct : Government grant 3 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences 2 119,091 119,091 Exchange differences 2 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 2 8,823 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,500 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses 4 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences 90,193 <td>Impairment charge for the year</td> <td></td> <td>4,753,026</td> <td>4,753,026</td>	Impairment charge for the year		4,753,026	4,753,026
Net book value at 31 March 2012 239,178 12,362,658 12,601,836 2011 2014 2014 2014 2014 Cost 50,505,108 56,951,874 60,506,108 Amount capitalised during the year 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct : Government grant 3,960,591 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences 119,091 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses 4 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 609,905 609,905	Exchange differences	-	7,353	7,353
2011 Cost At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year - 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct : Government grant - 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation - 4,079,682 4,079,682 At 1 April 2010 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 628,244 628,244	At 31 March 2012	-	5,388,623	5,388,623
Cost At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,602,785 1,819,341 1,819,341 1,712,470 1,819,341 1,819,341 1,819,341 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 2,828,232 2,860,591 3,960,591 3,960,591 3,960,591 3,960,591 119,091	Net book value at 31 March 2012	239,178	12,362,658	12,601,836
At 1 April 2010 3,554,232 56,951,874 60,506,106 Amount capitalised during the year - 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct : Government grant - 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses - 609,905 609,905 At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - - 609,905 609,905 <td>2011</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2011			
Amount capitalised during the year - 1,602,785 1,602,785 Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct: Government grant 3,960,591 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct: Accumulated amortisation - 4,079,682 4,09,878 Exchange differences 90,193 31,122,830 33,991,063 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses 4,1 April 2010 609,905 609,905 At 1 April 2010 609,905 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 628,244 628,244	Cost			
Exchange differences 106,871 1,712,470 1,819,341 At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct: Government grant 3,960,591 3,960,591 3,960,591 At 1 April 2010 - 119,091 119,091 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct: Accumulated amortisation 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	At 1 April 2010	3,554,232	56,951,874	60,506,106
At 31 March 2011 3,661,103 60,267,129 63,928,232 Deduct : Government grant 3,960,591 3,960,591 3,960,591 At 1 April 2010 - 3,960,591 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Amount capitalised during the year	-	1,602,785	1,602,785
Deduct : Government grant At 1 April 2010 - 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Exchange differences	106,871	1,712,470	1,819,341
At 1 April 2010 - 3,960,591 3,960,591 Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation - 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	At 31 March 2011	3,661,103	60,267,129	63,928,232
Exchange differences - 119,091 119,091 At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation At 1 April 2010 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Deduct : Government grant			
At 31 March 2011 - 4,079,682 4,079,682 Deduct : Accumulated amortisation 31,122,830 33,991,063 At 1 April 2010 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	At 1 April 2010	-	3,960,591	3,960,591
Deduct : Accumulated amortisation At 1 April 2010 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Exchange differences		119,091	119,091
At 1 April 2010 2,868,233 31,122,830 33,991,063 Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	At 31 March 2011	-	4,079,682	4,079,682
Amortisation charge for the year 231,592 4,259,286 4,490,878 Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Deduct : Accumulated amortisation			
Exchange differences 90,193 1,008,444 1,098,637 At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	At 1 April 2010	2,868,233	31,122,830	33,991,063
At 31 March 2011 3,190,018 36,390,560 39,580,578 Deduct: Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Amortisation charge for the year	231,592	4,259,286	4,490,878
Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Exchange differences	90,193	1,008,444	1,098,637
At 1 April 2010 - 609,905 609,905 Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	At 31 March 2011	3,190,018	36,390,560	39,580,578
Exchange differences - 18,339 18,339 At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	Deduct : Accumulated impairment losses			
At 31 March 2011 - 628,244 628,244	At 1 April 2010	-	609,905	609,905
	Exchange differences		18,339	18,339
Net book value at 31 March 2011 471,085 19,168,643 19,639,728	At 31 March 2011	<u> </u>	628,244	628,244
	Net book value at 31 March 2011	471,085	19,168,643	19,639,728





INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	COMPANY	
	2012	2011
	RM	RM
Unquoted shares, at cost	23,108,970	23,108,970
Amount due from a subsidiary	17,637,007	-
	40,745,977	23,108,970
Accumulated impairment losses		
- At beginning of the year	(14,372,690)	(14,372,690)
- Additions	(2,822,882)	-
- Transferred from impairment loss on amount due from subsidiary		
upon classification of debts as net investment in a subsidiary	(2,999,878)	-
- Written back	6,692,235	-
	(13,503,215)	(14,372,690)
	27,242,762	8,736,280
Options granted to employees of subsidiaries	1,642,876	1,555,876
	28,885,638	10,292,156

The amount due from a subsidiary company forms part of the company's net investment in the subsidiary. The amount due is unsecured, interest free and no repayment term is stipulated.

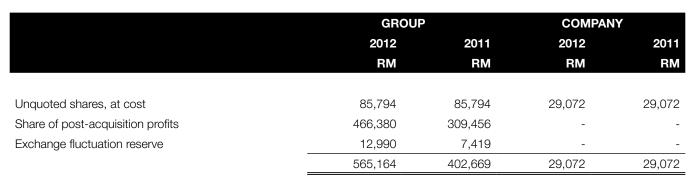
The principal activities of the subsidiaries, country of incorporation and the effective equity interest of the Group are as follows:-

			Effective Equity I	nterest
		Country of	2012	2011
Name of Company	Principal Activity	Incorporation	%	%
novaHEALTH Pte. Ltd.	Provision of e-business solutions for healthcare industry	Republic of Singapore	100	100
novaCITYNETS Pte. Ltd.	Provision of e-business solutions for the building and construction, city, town council and telecommunications industries	Republic of Singapore	100	100

Both subsidiaries are not audited by Folks DFK & Co.

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8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES



			Effective Equity	y Interest
		Country of	2012	2011
Name of Company	Principal Activity	Incorporation	%	%
B-Nova Sdn Bhd	To market and deliver Information Technology solutions	Brunei Darussalam	40	40
JPMCnova Sdn Bhd	Industry solution provider to medical and healthcare institutions and related areas	Brunei Darussalam	49	49

Both companies are not audited by Folks DFK & Co.

The Group received dividend income from JPMCnova Sdn Bhd amount to RM32,665 (2011:nil)

The summarised financial information of the associates are as follows:-

	JPMCnova Sdn Bhd		B-Nova Sdn Bhd	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Assets and liabilities				
Non-current assets	334,389	308,539	-	-
Current assets	1,634,103	2,942,603	101,147	61,513
Total assets	1,968,492	3,251,142	101,147	61,513
Non-current liabilities	93,416	157,591	-	-
Current liabilities	761,491	2,317,490	52,007	9,419
Total liabilities	854,907	2,475,081	52,007	9,419
Results				
Revenue	3,923,492	7,233,862	202,594	81,705
Profit/(loss) after taxation	392,374	645,160	(23,921)	(19,515)



THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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DEFERRED TAX

No deferred tax (assets)/liabilities have been recognised for the following temporary differences:

	GRO	GROUP		ANY
	2012	2012 2011		2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Development expenditure capitalised	12,965,000	20,016,000	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	(1,329,000)	(1,652,000)	(339,000)	(321,000)
Unabsorbed tax losses	(39,901,000)	(40,096,000)	(10,195,000)	(9,092,000)
	(28,265,000)	(21,732,000)	(10,534,000)	(9,413,000)

The unutilised capital allowances and unabsorbed tax losses have no expiry date under current tax legislations in Malaysia and Singapore but are subject to agreement of the tax authorities and compliance with tax regulation in the respective countries in which the companies operate. Net deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items due to the uncertainty of their realisation in the foreseeable future.

10. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) CONTRACT CUSTOMERS

	GROUP		COMPAN	ΙΥ
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Aggregate costs incurred to date				
and attributable profit	39,970,459	41,200,427	1,046,346	309,398
Less : Progress billings	(26,432,546)	(35,138,909)	(432,709)	(309,398)
	13,537,913	6,061,518	613,637	-
Analysed as:				
Amount due from contract customers				
- Associate	2,141,600	1,949,003	-	-
- Others	11,528,789	5,061,142	613,637	-
	13,670,389	7,010,145	613,637	-
Amount due to contract customers				
- Others	(132,476)	(948,627)	-	-
	13,537,913	6,061,518	613,637	-

The currency exposure profile of the amount due from contract customers is as follows:-

	GROL	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Ringgit Malaysia	613,637	-	613,637	-	
Singapore Dollar	12,924,276	6,061,518	-	-	

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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Current				
Trade receivables	3,400,427	8,402,074	556,410	572,607
Less: Allowance for impairment	(622,615)	(620,754)	(500,108)	(500,108)
Trade receivables, net	2,777,812	7,781,320	56,302	72,499
Other receivables				
Accrued receivables	364,356	461,929	-	-
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	809,544	254,188	99,596	47,372
	3,951,712	8,497,437	155,898	119,871
Amount due from an associate				
- Trade	580,570	2,061,527	-	-
Amount due from subsidiaries				
Trade	-	-	-	2,223,325
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	-	-	-	(269,661)
	-	-	-	1,953,664
Non-trade	-	-	-	16,947,869
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	-	-	-	(2,730,217)
	-	-	-	14,217,652
Amount due from subsidiaries, net		-	-	16,171,316
Total trade and other receivables	4,532,282	10,558,964	155,898	16,291,187

11.1 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 60 (2010: 30 to 60) day terms. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition.

Accrued receivables represent revenue accrued for completed work on contract which have not been billed at balance sheet date.

The currency exposure profile of trade and other receivables is as follows:-

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Ringgit Malaysia	155,898	119,871	155,898	16,291,187
US Dollar	125,322	206,218	-	-
Singapore Dollar	2,964,766	8,171,305	-	-
Brunei Dollar	1,286,296	2,061,570	-	-
	4,532,282	10,558,964	155,898	16,291,187



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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

11.1 Trade and other receivables (Cont'd)

Ageing analysis of trade and other receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's and the Company's trade and other receivables is as follows:

	GRO	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Neither past due nor impaired	3,061,450	4,870,988	104,512	50,995	
1 to 30 days past due					
not impaired	249,960	1,612,421	-	68,876	
31 to 60 days past due					
not impaired	288,094	189,929	-	-	
More than 61 days past due					
not impaired	932,778	3,885,626	51,386	-	
	1,470,832	5,687,976	51,386	68,876	
Impaired	622,615	620,754	500,108	500,108	
	5,154,897	11,179,718	656,006	619,979	

Trade and other receivables that are individually determined to be impaired comprised those customers who have defaulted on their payments and are considered to have financial difficulties in repaying their debts.

Trade and other receivables including those that are past due but not impaired are considered to be creditworthy and are able to settle their debts.

The Group and the Company does not hold any collateral as security for the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period.

During the financial year, the Group and the Company did not renegotiate the terms of any trade receivable.

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's and the Company's trade receivables that are impaired at the reporting date and the movement of the allowance accounts used to record the impairment are as follows:

	Collectively Impaired	Individually Impaired	Total
GROUP	RM	RM	RM
2012			
Trade receivables - nominal amounts	-	622,615	622,615
Less: Allowance for impairment		(622,615)	(622,615)
	-	-	
2011			
Trade receivables - nominal amounts	-	620,754	620,754
Less: Allowance for impairment		(620,754)	(620,754)
		-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

11.1 Trade and other receivables (Cont'd)

Receivables that are impaired (Cont'd)

	Collectively Impaired	Individually Impaired	Total
COMPANY	RM	RM	RM
2012			
Trade receivables - nominal amounts	-	500,108	500,108
Less: Allowance for impairment		(500,108)	(500,108)
	-	-	-
2011			
Trade receivables - nominal amounts	-	500,108	500,108
Less: Allowance for impairment		(500,108)	(500,108)
	-	-	-

Movement in allowance accounts:

	GRO	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
At beginning of the year	620,754	-	500,108	-	
Exchange differences	1,861	-	-	-	
Charge for the year		620,754	-	500,108	
At end of the year	622,615	620,754	500,108	500,108	

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

11.2 Amount due from subsidiaries and associate

The non-trade amounts due from subsidiaries and associate are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand. Nontrade balances with subsidiaries are in respect of advances made to subsidiaries.





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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12. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	GRO	GROUP		COMPANY			
	2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM			
Cash in hand and at banks	3,253,423	381,493	117,153	5,877			
Deposits with licensed banks	3,224,318	2,050,109	163,523	708,900			
	6,477,741	2,431,602	280,676	714,777			

The currency exposure profile of cash and bank balances is as follows:-

	GROU	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Ringgit Malaysia	280,676	714,777	280,676	714,777	
Singapore Dollar	6,197,065	1,716,825	-	-	
	6,477,741	2,431,602	280,676	714,777	

Included in deposits with licensed banks are amounts of RM625,795 (2011: RM1,919,627) and nil (2011: RM600,000) pledged to secure bank facilities granted to the Group and the Company respectively (Note 16).

13. SHARE CAPITAL

		GROUP/COMPANY				
	2012	2	2011			
	Number	Number				
	of shares	RM	of shares	RM		
Ordinary shares of RM0.10 each:						
Authorised	500,000,000	50,000,000	500,000,000	50,000,000		
Issued and fully paid						
At beginning of the year / At end of the year	402,798,000	40,279,800	402,798,000	40,279,800		

14. SHARE PREMIUM

This amount is not distributable by way of cash dividends and may be utilised only in the manner set out in Section 60(3) of the Companies Act, 1965.



15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS/EMPLOYEES' SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company implemented an Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") on 31 October 2005 for a period of ten years. The ESOS is governed by the By-Laws which were approved by the shareholders on 28 September 2004.

The salient features of the ESOS are as follows:-

- (i) The total number of new ordinary shares of RM0.10 each that may be made available under the ESOS shall not exceed thirty per cent (30%) of the issued and paid-up capital of the Company, subject to a maximum entitlement of fifteen per cent (15%) for the first 5 years.
- (ii) Eligible employees are Directors and confirmed employees of the Group (save and except for companies which are dormant) who meet the criteria of eligibility for participation as set out in the By-Laws, at the date of the offer.
- (iii) The option is personal to the grantee and is non-assignable.
- (iv) An option may, at the discretion of the ESOS Committee, be determined based on a discount of not more than 10% from the 5-day weighted average market price of the underlying shares as shown in the Daily Official List issued by Bursa Malaysia for the 5 market days immediately preceding the Date of Offer in writing to the grantee.

The option price per new share shall in no event be less than the par value of the share.

(v) An option may be exercised by notice in writing to the Company in the precribed form from time to time during the option period in respect of all or any part of the new shares comprised in the option, provided that where an option is exercised in respect of a part of the new shares comprised therein, the number of new shares of which such an option may be exercised shall not be less than one hundred (100) and shall be in multiples of one hundred (100).

Set out below are the details of options over the ordinary shares of the Company under the ESOS:

	Number of	Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.10 in the Company					
	As at				As at		
2012	1.4.2011	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	31.3.2012		
Grant date							
15.6.2007	5,960,000	-	-	(380,000)	5,580,000		
1.10.2009	5,430,000	-	-	(200,000)	5,230,000		
1.10.2010	3,600,000	-	-	(200,000)	3,400,000		
15.4.2011	-	3,440,000	-	-	3,440,000		
	14,990,000	3,440,000	-	(780,000)	17,650,000		

Number of options exercisable at end of the financial year

17,650,000

	Number of options over ordinary shares of RM0.10 in the Company					
	As at				As at	
2011	1.4.2010	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	31.3.2011	
Grant date						
20.3.2006	4,800,000	-	-	(4,800,000)	-	
15.6.2007	6,460,000	-	-	(500,000)	5,960,000	
1.10.2009	5,430,000	-	-	-	5,430,000	
1.10.2010		3,600,000	-	-	3,600,000	
	16,690,000	3,600,000	-	(5,300,000)	14,990,000	

Number of options exercisable at end of the financial year

(14,990,000)



15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS/EMPLOYEES' SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONT'D)

Options outstanding at the end of the financial year have the following expiry date and exercise price:-

	ordinary	Number of o shares of RM0.1	ptions over 0 each in the Con	npany
	Exercise price	Expiry	Number of	options
Grant date	RM	date	2012	2011
15.6.2007	0.10	30.10.2015	5,580,000	5,960,000
1.10.2009	0.10	30.10.2015	5,230,000	5,430,000
1.10.2010	0.10	30.10.2015	3,400,000	3,600,000
15.4.2011	0.10	30.10.2015	3,440,000	
			17,650,000	14,990,000

Share options exercised during the year

No options were exercised during the financial year (2011: Nil).

Fair value of share options granted during the last financial year

The fair value of share options granted during the financial year determined using the binomial valuation model was RM0.044 (2011: RM0.046). The fair value of share options was measured at grant date using the following significant inputs and assumptions:-

	COM	COMPANY	
	2012	2011	
Weighted average of exercise price (sen)	10	10	
Early exercise factor (times)	2.5	2.5	
Expected volatility (%)	87 - 123	87 - 162	
Expected option life (years)	4 - 6	4 - 6	
Risk free interest rate (%)	4	4	

The expected life of the options is based on the life of the current ESOS plan. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

During the year, the Group and the Company recognised total expenses of RM151,025 (2011: RM182,144) and RM62,640 (2011: RM65,464) respectively in respect of equity-settled share-based payment transactions (Note 19).

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16. BANK BORROWINGS

	GROUP		COME	PANY
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Bank overdrafts - secured	-	602,303	-	602,303
Term loan repayable within 1 year	1,623,334	585,592	-	-
Term loan repayable after 1 year	811,666	-	-	_
	2,435,000	1,187,895	-	602,303

The currency exposure profile of borrowings is as follows:-

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Ringgit Malaysia	-	602,303	-	602,303
Singapore Dollar	2,435,000	585,592	-	_
	2,435,000	1,187,895	_	602,303

The bank overdraft facilities of the Group and the Company in 2011 are subject to interest rates varying between 7.55% and 7.8% per annum.

The term loan of the subsidiaries represent proceeds from factoring of trade receivable (with recourse) and is subject to interest at 7.5% (2011: 7.5%) per annum.

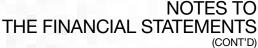
Deposits with licensed banks of the Group and the Company amounting to RM625,795 (2011: RM1,919,627) and nil (2011: RM600,000) are pledged as security for the bank facilities of the Group and the Company respectively (Note 12).

17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	GRO	GROUP		ANY
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Trade payables	2,182,025	1,949,682	62,432	62,432
Other payables and accrued expenses	2,308,002	2,533,120	374,412	541,735
Revenue received in advance	2,034,128	807,120	-	-
Liability for short term accumulating				
compensated absences	315,034	129,339	29,733	39,481
Amount due to subsidiaries - trade	-	-	2,762,492	2,339,943
Affiliated corporations	2,669,685	2,804,037	-	-
Amount owing to an Associate	67,498	125,223	-	-
Amount owing to Directors	461,906	263,156	461,906	263,156
	10,038,278	8,611,677	3,690,975	3,246,747

The normal credit terms of trade payables granted to the Group and the Company range from 30 to 60 (2011: 30 to 60) days.





17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONT'D)

The currency exposure profile of trade and other payables is as follows:-

	GR	GROUP		PANY
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Ringgit Malaysia	934,952	913,466	3,690,975	3,246,747
US Dollar	180,202	22,329	-	-
Euro	-	170	-	-
British Pound	13,264	-	-	-
Singapore Dollar	8,909,860	7,675,712	-	-
	10,038,278	8,611,677	3,690,975	3,246,747

The amounts due to affiliated corporations and owing to Directors are non-trade in nature, interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

An affiliated corporation is defined as a company or its related corporation in which a Director of the Company has a substantial financial interest.

18. REVENUE

	GRO	GROUP		YV
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Consultancy contracts	21,883,167	16,150,367	1,189,587	182,994
Maintenance services	10,386,412	8,291,653	210,602	133,604
	32,269,579	24,442,020	1,400,189	316,598

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19. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

	GROUP		COMPANY								
	2012	2012	2012 2011	2011 2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011 2012	2012 2011	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM							
Wages, salaries and bonus	15,757,699	11,527,864	1,381,604	994,668							
Contributions to defined contribution plans	1,417,497	1,089,190	163,916	110,444							
Share-based compensation expense (Note 15)	151,025	182,144	62,640	65,464							
Other benefits	665,812	154,498	10,282	68,794							
	17,992,033	12,953,696	1,618,442	1,239,370							

Included in employee benefits expenses of the Group is executive directors' remuneration amounting to RM1,660,199 (2011: RM1,587,095) as further disclosed in Note 21.

Employee benefits expenses are taken up as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Charged to Statements of Comprehensive Income	15,348,095	11,546,818	1,618,442	1,239,370
Capitalised as development expenditure	2,643,938	1,406,878	-	-
	17,992,033	12,953,696	1,618,442	1,239,370

20. FINANCE COSTS

Interest on bank borrowings	144,559	150,510	36,989	37,477
Others	-	1,384	-	-
	144 559	151 894	36 989	37 477

21. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Executive Directors (Note 19)				
Directors of holding company	765,473	696,150	-	-
Directors of subsidiary companies	894,726	890,945	-	-
	1,660,199	1,587,095	-	-
Non-Executive Directors' fees	173,000	173,000	173,000	173,000
Total directors' remuneration	1,833,199	1,760,095	173,000	173,000

23.

Current tax expense



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

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22. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):-

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,555,737	4,490,878	_	_
Impairment loss for intangible assets	4,753,026	-	_	_
Depreciation of property, plant	4,700,020			
and equipment	173,593	118,630	56,401	46,510
Net reversal of impairment loss for			00,101	.0,0.0
investment in subsidiary companies	-	_	(3,869,353)	_
Auditors' remuneration			(=,==,===,	
- current year	110,070	109,021	45,000	45,000
- underprovision in prior year	-	3,000	-	3,000
- other services	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Property, plant and equipment written				
off	1,498	-	-	_
(Gain)/loss on foreign exchange (net)	(133,269)	(472,166)	-	-
Office rental	892,472	704,351	98,052	95,352
Allowance for impairment of				
trade receivables	-	620,754	-	500,108
Interest expense	144,559	151,894	36,989	37,477
Interest income	(25,304)	(27,173)	(19,961)	(20,564)
TAX EXPENSE				
IAA LAF LIIGE				
<u>Malaysian</u>				

The Company was granted Multimedia Super Corridor ("MSC") status on 29 October 2002. By virtue of this status, the Company obtained its pioneer status incentive which included five year exemption on statutory business income under Section 127 of the Income Tax Act, 1967 which expired in January 2008. On 18 June 2008, the Company was granted extension of the pioneer status for another five years until 14 January 2013.

4,990

5,141

4,990

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67

5,141

23. TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

A reconciliation of tax applicable to the (loss)/profit before taxation at the statutory tax rates to current year's tax expense of the Group/Company is as follows:-

	GROUI)	COMPA	NY
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(4,394,518)	281,275	2,633,210	(2,177,484)
Taxation at the rate of 25% (2010 : 25%)	(1,098,630)	70,319	658,303	(544,371)
Tax effect of:				
Different tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	252,458	(101,927)	-	-
Non-deductible expenses	877,112	946,365	740,766	49,533
Income not subject to tax	(7,320)	(539,085)	(1,675,496)	-
Deferred tax benefit not recognised	659,832	499,979	281,417	499,979
Subsidiaries' deferred tax benefits utilised	(678,462)	(870,510)	-	-
Tax expense	4,990	5,141	4,990	5,141

24. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE

Basic (loss)/earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic (loss)/earnings per ordinary share is based on the (loss)/profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company of RM4,399,508 (2011: profit of RM276,134) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year of 402,798,000 (2011: 402,798,000) calculated as follows:-

	GRO	GROUP		
	2012	2011		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares				
Issued ordinary shares at beginning of the year	402,798,000	402,798,000		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	402,798,000	402,798,000		

Fully diluted (loss)/earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of fully diluted (loss)/earnings per ordinary share is based on the (loss)/profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company of RM4,339,508 (2011: profit of RM276,134) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year of 420,277,590 (2010: 415,983,068) calculated as follows:-

	GRO	GROUP	
	2012	2011	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (fully diluted)			
Weighted average number of ordinary shares as above	402,798,000	402,798,000	
Effect of share options	17,479,590	13,185,068	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (fully diluted)	420,277,590	415,983,068	



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The Group operates predominately in one business segment only and they operate in principally in the ASEAN region. The primary format, geographical segments is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment.

		E-Business Solutions	Solutions					
	Malaysia	sia	Singapore	ore	Eliminations	ions	Group	d
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Geographic segments								
Revenue from external customers	1,400,189	316,598	30,869,390	24,125,422	1	ı	32,269,579	24,442,020
Revenue from inter-segment	ı	I	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı
Total revenue	1,400,189	316,598	30,869,390	24,125,422	-	-	32,269,579	24,442,020
Segment results	(1,219,115)	(2,160,571)	(3,245,737)	2,257,111	-	-	(4,464,852)	96,540
Interest income							25,304	27,173
Interest expense							(144,559)	(151,894)
Share of results of associates							189,589	309,456
(Loss)/profit before taxation							(4,394,518)	281,275
Taxation							(4,990)	(5,141)
(Loss)/profit before taxation							(4,399,508)	276,134
Segment assets	1,114,725	14,749,486	36,570,575	38,929,501	1	(13,831,373)	37,685,300	39,847,614
Tax recoverable	3,754	2,745	1	1	1	1	3,754	2,745
Investment in an associate	19,507	22,399	545,657	380,270	ı	,	565,164	402,669
Total assets							38,254,218	40,253,028
Segment Liabilities	3,690,975	1,509,107	23,551,904	23,070,465	(14,637,129)	= (13,831,373) =	12,605,754	10,748,199
Other comment items								-31 IVI
Capital expenditure	37,448	34.735	352,201	87.553	1	1	389.649	122,288
) · () () . I						
Depreciation and amortisation	56,401	46,510	5,672,929	4,562,998	•	1	5,729,330	4,609,508

25. OPERATING SEGMENTS

25. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

	Revenue	Non-current assets
Geographical information	RM	RM
2012		
Malaysia	1,400,190	93,586
Singapore	30,869,389	13,476,466
	32,269,579	13,570,052
2011		
Malaysia	316,598	112,539
Singapore	24,125,422	20,137,033
	24,442,020	20,249,572

Major customers

The following are major customers with revenue equal or more than 10 percent of Group revenue:

		Revenue	
		2012	2011
	Country	RM	RM
Customer A	Singapore	5,204,130	1,520,464
Customer B	Brunei	4,318,220	7,755,194
Customer C	Singapore	3,065,710	-

26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	COMPAN	ΙΥ
	2012	2011
	RM	RM
Guarantees given by the Company to financial institutions		
for credit facilities granted to subsidiaries	2,435,000	585,592

27. OPERATING LEASES

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:-

	GROUP		СОМЕ	COMPANY	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Less than one year	1,345,090	892,207	74,400	28,064	
Between one to five years	963,424	1,296,215	24,800	-	
	2,308,514	2,188,422	99,200	28,064	

The Group and the Company leases office premises under operating leases. The leases have remaining lease terms of one to two years, with an option to renew the leases after the date of expiration. None of the leases include contingent rentals.





28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party or when both parties are under the common control of another party.

Related party relationships exist between the Group and the Company with the following entities:-

- (a) The subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 7;
- (b) The associates as disclosed in Note 8,
- (c) Chan Wing Kong, being a Director;
- (d) Victor John Stephen Price, being a Director;
- (e) novaSprint Pte. Ltd. and novaC2R Pte. Ltd. being companies in which Mr. Chan Wing Kong and Victor John Stephen Price have or are deemed to have a substantial interest; and
- (f) Zylog Systems Asia Pacific Pte Ltd, a substantial shareholder.

28.1 Related party transactions

Significant related party transactions during the year other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:-

	GROUP		COMPAN	Υ
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Income				
novaC2R Pte. Ltd.				
Rental income	(29,468)	(28,520)	-	_
Expenses				
NovaCITYNETS Pte. Ltd.				
Administrative fees paid	-	-	109,597	20,815
Zylog System Asia Pacific Pte Ltd				
Rental Income	(91,265)	-	-	-
Development Services	263,353	73,625	_	_



28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

28.2 Related Party Balances

Balances at year end included in the statements of financial position are as follows:-

	GROUP		COMPA	ANY
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>Receivables</u>				
Amount due from subsidiaries				
- novaCITYNETS Pte. Ltd. (trade)	-	-	1,953,664	1,953,664
- novaCITYNETS Pte. Ltd. (non-trade)	-	-	13,814,478	13,814,478
- novaHEALTH Pte. Ltd. (non-trade)	-	-	403,175	403,175
<u>Payables</u>				
Amount due to subsidiaries				
- novaHEALTH Pte. Ltd. (trade)	-	-	(2,315,968)	(2,315,968)
Amount due to affiliated corporation				
- novaSPRINT Pte. Ltd.	(2,669,685)	(2,804,037)	-	-

28.3 Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and resposibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and the Company either directly or indirectly which include Group Chief Executive Officer, Group Chief Operation Officer and Group Business Development Director. The key management personnel of the Group and the Company exclude non-executive Directors.

The remuneration of key management personnel during the year is as follows:-

	GROUP		COMP	ANY
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Short term employee benefits	1,575,112	1,501,141	-	-
Post-employment benefits	85,087	85,954	-	-
Share based payments	51,765	54,720	-	-
	1,711,964	1,641,815	-	-



29. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. The critical assumptions concerning the future that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are outlined below:

Intangible assets

The Group has intangible assets and the annual amortisation of intangible assets is charged to the statement of comprehensive income. The Group reviews the residual value and useful life of intangible assets at each balance sheet date in accordance with the accounting policy disclosed in Note 3.6 to the financial statements. The Group also assesses annually whether the intangible assets have been impaired based on future cash flow projections, which depend significantly on the procurement of future projects, using an appropriate discount factor. The impairment assessment could be materially affected by the changes in the assumptions and estimates used in the cash flow projections. Changes in the residual value arising from the impairment assessment and the review of useful life could have significant impact on the results of the Group.

The carrying amount of intangible assets at 31 March 2012 was RM12,601,836 (2011: RM19,639,728) and the annual amortisation charge for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 was RM5,555,737 (2011: RM4,490,878).

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unabsorbed tax losses, unutilised capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences to the extent that its is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses, capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based on the assessment on the probability of the availability of future taxable profits.

Impairment on investment in subsidiaries

The Company reviews the carrying amount of investment in subsidiaries at each balance sheet date by comparing the carrying amount with their recoverable amount and the value in use. No additional provision was made during the year on the investment in subsidiaries as the recoverable amount of the subsidiaries is expected to be higher than the carrying amount.

Impairment losses on trade and other receivables

The Group makes an allowance for impairment losses based on an assessment of the recoverability of receivables. Allowances are applied to receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. In assessing the extent of irrecoverable debts, the management has given due consideration to all pertinent information relating to the ability of the debtors to settle debts. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the receivables. The carrying amounts of receivables and the cumulative allowances for impairment loss are disclosed in Note 11.

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to both a financial asset of one enterprise and a financial liability or equity instrument of another enterprise.

Financial assets of the Group include deposits, cash and bank balances and trade and other receivables.

Financial liabilities of the Group include trade and other payables and bank borrowings.

In respect of the Company, financial assets also include amount owing by a subsidiary while financial liability include amount owing to a subsidiary.



30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

30.1 Categories of financial instruments

The Group's and the Company's financial instruments are categorised as follows:-

2012

Financial assets per statement of financial position

	Carrying	Loans and
	amount	receivables
	RM	RM
Group		
Trade and other receivables	4,532,282	4,532,282
Cash and bank balances	6,477,741	6,477,741
	11,010,023	11,010,023
Company		
Trade and other receivables	155,898	155,898
Cash and bank balances	280,676	280,676
	436,574	436,574

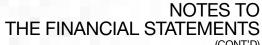
The Group's and the Company's financial instruments are categorised as follows:-

2012

Financial liabilities per statement of financial position

		Other financial
		liabilities
	Carrying	measured at
	amount	amortised
		cost
	RM	RM
Group		
Trade and other payables	10,038,278	10,038,278
Bank borrowings	2,435,000	2,435,000
	12,473,278	12,473,278
Company		
Trade and other payables	3,690,975	3,690,975





30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

30.1 Categories of financial instruments (Cont'd)

2011 Financial assets per statement of financial position

	Carrying	Loans and
	amount	receivables
	RM	RM
Group		
Trade and other receivables	10,558,964	10,558,964
Cash and bank balances	2,431,602	2,431,602
	12,990,566	12,990,566
Company		
Trade and other receivables	16,291,187	16,291,187
Cash and bank balances	714,777	714,777
	17,005,964	17,005,964

2011

Financial liabilities per statement of financial position

		Other financial
		liabilities
	Carrying	measured at
	amount	amortised
		cost
	RM	RM
Group		
Trade and other payables	8,611,677	8,611,677
Bank borrowings	1,187,895	1,187,895
	9,799,572	9,799,572
Company		
Trade and other payables	3,246,747	3,246,747
Bank borrowings	602,303	602,303
	3,849,050	3,849,050

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

30.2 Determination of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:-

	<u>Note</u>
Trade and other receivables	11
Amount due from subsidiaries	11
Cash and bank balances	12
Bank borrowings	16
Trade and other payables	17
Amount due to subsidiaries	17

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.

The carrying amount of the current portion of borrowings are reasonable approximations of fair values due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and market price risk.

The Group's and the Company's overall financial risk management objective is to seek to address and control the risks to which the Group and the Company are exposed and to minimise or avoid the incidence of loss that may result from the exposure to such risks and to enhance returns where appropriate.

The Board is primarily responsible for the management of these risks and to formulate policies and procedures for the management thereof. The risks are managed by regular risk reviews, internal control systems, on-going formulation and adherence to financial risk policies and mitigated by insurance coverage where appropriate.

31.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss attributable to default on obligations by parties contracting with the Group and the Company. The Group's and the Company's main exposure to credit risk is in respect of its trade receivables, bank deposits and cash and bank balances. The Company's exposure to credit risk includes amount due from subsidiary companies and financial guarantees given to banks for credit facilities of subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 26.

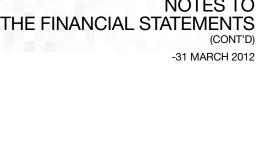
Credit risk is addressed by the application of credit evaluation and close monitoring procedures by the management.

It is inherent in the Group's and the Company's business to make individually large sales to its customers that may lead to a significant concentration of credit risks. Such risks are managed by ensuring that transactions are only carried out with customers with reliable financial profile.

New customers are subject to a credit evaluation process and existing customers' risk profiles are reviewed regularly with a view to setting appropriate terms of trade and credit limits. Where appropriate, further sales are suspended and legal action taken to ensure recoveries and mitigate losses.

Exposure to credit risk

The Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 March 2012 is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position.



31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

31.1 Credit risk (Cont'd)

Credit risk concentration profile

At 31 March 2012, the Group and the Company had approximately 27 and 3 customers, out of which 3 and 1 respectively customers owed more than RM500,000 and RM500,000 which accounted for approximately 52% and 90% of the total receivables balance. The analysis of the Group's and the Company's trade receivables by country of such receivables is as follows:-

		Grou	•	
	2012		2011	
	RM	% of total	RM	% of total
Malaysia	56,302	1%	72,499	1%
Singapore	1,584,109	40%	3,217,271	31%
Brunei	1,558,247	39%	5,044,123	48%
Vietnam	156,909	4%	470,344	4%
Saudi Arabia	-	0%	953,037	9%
Indonesia	625,430	16%	706,327	7%
	3,980,997	100%	10,463,601	100%

		Company			
	20-	2012		2011	
	RM	% of total	RM	% of total	
Malaysia	56,302	10%	72,499	13%	
Indonesia	500,108	90%	500,108	87%	
	556,410	100%	572,607	100%	

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Information regarding trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired is disclosed in Note 11. Deposits with banks and other financial institutions that are neither past due nor impaired are entered into or placed with reputable financial institutions or companies with high credit ratings and no history of default.

Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired is disclosed in Note 11.

31.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's and the Company's operations are financed through a mixture of internally generated funds and bank borrowings. The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates to interest bearing financial assets and liabilities. Interest bearing financial assets includes fixed deposits with licensed banks which are based on fixed rates and the Group's and the Company's interest bearing financial liabilities comprise bank overdraft and term loan which are based on floating rates.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

No sensitivity analysis is prepared as the Group and Company does not expect any material effect on the Group or Company's profit or loss arising from the effect of reasonably possible changes to interest rates on interest bearing financial instruments at the reporting date.

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

31.3 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group and the Company are exposed to foreign currency risks in respect of their investments in foreign subsidiaries and foreign receivables. The currency primarily giving rise to this exposure is Singapore Dollars. During and at the end of the financial year, the Group and the Company had not entered into any forward currency contracts. However, management will keep this policy under review and will take necessary action to minimise the exposure of this risk.

The Group's and the Company's foreign currency exposure profiles of the following financial assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2012 have been disclosed under the respective notes:

- Trade and other receivables Note 11
- Cash and bank balances Note 12
- Bank borrowings Note 16
- Trade and other payables Note 17

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

Below is an analysis of the sensitivity of the Group's profit for the year to a 5 percent strengthening or weakening of the foreign currencies against the RM currency at the end of the reporting period. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

	Group		
	Profit for the	Profit for the year	
	Increase/(Dec	crease)	
	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	
SGD - strengthened 5%	(76,913)	(559,088)	
SGD - weakened 5%	76,913	559,088	
USD - strengthened 5%	2,744	14,200	
USD - weakened 5%	(2,744)	(14,200)	

31.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group or the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's and the Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of credit facilities.



31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

31.4 Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

Group

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments are as follows:

On demand

	or within	More than		vithin More than	
	1 year	1 to 5 years	5 years	Total	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
2012					
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payabes	10,038,278	-	-	10,038,278	
Bank borrowings	1,623,334	811,666	-	2,435,000	
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	11,661,612	811,666	-	12,473,278	
2011					
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payabes	8,611,677	-	-	8,611,677	
Bank borrowings	1,187,895	-	-	1,187,895	
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	9,799,572	-	-	9,799,572	
Company	On demand				
	or within		More than		
	1 year RM	1 to 5 years RM	5 years RM	Total	
2012	RIVI	HIVI	HIVI	RM	
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payabes	3,690,975	-	-	3,690,975	
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	3,690,975	-	-	3,690,975	
0044					
2011 Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payabes	3,246,747			3,246,747	
Bank borrowings	602,303	-	-	602,303	
Daily Dollowillas	002,303	-	-	002,303	
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	3,849,050	-	-	3,849,050	



32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives of managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue in its operations as a going concern in order to provide fair returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain the optimal capital structure, the Group may, from time to time, adjust/vary the dividend payouts to shareholders, issue new shares, redeem debts or sell assets to reduce debts, where necessary.

For capital management purposes, the Group considers shareholders' equity and bank borrowings to be the key components in the Group capital structure. The Group monitors capital on the basis of gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as the total liabilities to total equity. The Group's strategy is to maintain a gearing ratio of below 50%. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

The debt-to-equity ratio as at 31 March 2012 and 31 March 2011 were as follows:-

	Group	
	2012	2011
	RM	RM
Bank overdrafts	-	602,303
Term loans	2,435,000	585,592
Total debt	2,435,000	1,187,895
Total equity	25,648,464	29,504,829
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.09	0.04

33. EVENT SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE SHEET DATE

On 2 April 2012, the Company had incorporated a subsidiary in the Republic of the Philippines under the name of "novaSOLUTIONS (Philippines), Inc". The authorised capital stock of novaSOLUTIONS (Philippines), Inc is Philippines Peso eight hundred thousand (PHP 800,000) divided into 800,000 shares of PHP 1.00 each of which 800,000 shares have been issued at par and fully paid up. The Company had subscribed for 799,995 shares of PHP 1.00 each, representing an equity interest of 99.99%.





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

-31 MARCH 2012

34. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS OR LOSSES

The breakdown of accumulated losses of the Group and the Company as at 31 March 2012, into realised and unrealised profits or losses, pursuant to the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad dated 25 March 2010, is as follows:-

	2012		
	GROUP	COMPANY	
	RM	RM	
Total accumulated losses of the Company and its subsidiaries:			
- Realised	(42,589,096)	(23,203,048)	
- Unrealised	260,780	-	
	(42,328,316)	(23,203,048)	
Total share of retained profits from an associate:			
- Realised	499,045	-	
- Unrealised	-		
	(41,829,271)	(23,203,048)	
Less: Consolidation adjustments	14,831,955	-	
Accumulated losses as per financial statements	(26,997,316)	(23,203,048)	
	2011		
	GROUP	COMPANY	
	RM	RM	
Total accumulated losses of the Company and its subsidiaries:			
- Realised	(38,268,604)	(25,876,852)	
- Unrealised	472,166	-	
	(37,796,438)	(25,876,852)	
Total share of retained profits from an associate :			
- Realised	309,456	-	
- Unrealised	-		
	(37,486,982)	(25,876,852)	
Less: Consolidation adjustments	14,843,590	-	

The determination of realised and unrealised profits or losses is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.



We, Y.A.M. TUNKU DATO' SERI NADZARUDDIN IBNI ALMARHUM TUANKU JA'AFAR and CHAN WING KONG, being two of the directors of NOVA MSC BERHAD, state that in the opinion of the directors, the financial statements set out on pages 31 to 80 are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2012 and of their results and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

The information set out in Note 34 to the financial statements on page 81 have been prepared in accordance with Gidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors,

Y.A.M. TUNKU DATO' SERI NADZARUDDIN IBNI ALMARHUM TUNKU JA'AFAR

CHAN WING KONG

Kuala Lumpur, 12 July 2012



I, TAN CHEE PING, the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of NOVA MSC BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 31 to 80 are in my opinion correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the) abovenamed TAN CHEE PING at Kuala Lumpur in Wilayah Persekutuan on) 12 July 2012)

TAN CHEE PING



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NOVA MSC BERHAD

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of NOVA MSC BERHAD, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2012 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 31 to 80.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2012 and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- We have considered the financial statements and the auditors' reports of all the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 7 to the financial statements.
- We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanation required by us for those purposes.
- The audit reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

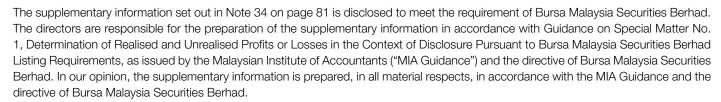


INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NOVA MSC BERHAD

(CONT'D)

(COMPANY NO: 591898-H)

Other Reporting Responsibilities



Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

FOLKS DFK & CO.

AF: 0502

Chartered Accountants

KHOO PEK LING

900/03/14(J/PH) Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, 12 July 2012







Authorized Capital RM 50,000,000 Issued and fully paid-up capital : RM 40,279,800

Class of Shares Ordinary shares of RM0.10 each fully paid

Voting Rights One vote per RM 0.10 share

BREAKDOWN OF SHAREHOLDINGS as at 29 June 2012

		Percentage	No of RM0.10	Percentage of
Range of Shareholdings	No of Holders	of Holders	Shares	Issued Capital
1 – 99	52	0.99	2,691	0.00
100 – 1,000	389	7.42	299,887	0.07
1,001 – 10,000	2,321	44.26	14,694,175	3.65
10,001 - 100,000	2,075	39.57	81,437,580	20.22
100,001 - 20,139,899(*)	405	7.72	236,090,217	58.61
20,139,900 and above (**)	2	0.04	70,273,450	17.45
Total	5,244	100.00	402,798,000	100.00

SUBSTANCIAL HOLDERS as at 29 June 2012

According to the register required to be kept under section 69L of the Companies Act, 1965, the following are the substantial holders of the Company:-

Name of	No of Shares	% of	No of Shares	% of
Substantial Shareholders	held (direct)	Shareholding	held (indirect)	Shareholding
Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd For Zylog Systems Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	42,849,750	10.64	0	0
Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt an for OCBC Securities Private Limited (Client A/C-NR)	27,423,700	6.81	0	0
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Tuanku Ja'afar	2,590,000	0.64	24,783,250	6.15

LIST OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS AS PER THE REGISTER OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS as at 29 June 2012

Name of	No of Shares	% of	No of Shares	% of
Substantial Shareholders	held (direct)	Shareholding	held (indirect)	Shareholding
Y.A.M. Tunku Dato' Seri Nadzaruddin Ibni Tuanku Ja'afar	2,590,000	0.64	24,783,250	6.15
Chan Wing Kong	16,770,230	4.16	-	-
Victor John Stephen Price	8,608,211	2.14	-	-

STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDINGS (CONT'D)

AS AT 29 JUNE 2012

THIRTY LARGEST REGISTERED HOLDERS as at 29 June 2012

<u> </u>			
	Name of Substantial Shareholders	No of Shares held	% of Shareholding
1. 	Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd for Zylog Systems Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	42,849,750	10.64
2.	Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt an for OCBC Securities Private Limited (Client A/C-NR)	27,423,700	6.81
3.	Raden Corporation Sdn Bhd	18,783,250	4.66
4.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd for Chan Wing Kong	16,770,230	4.16
5.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd for Victor John Stephen Price	8,608,211	2.14
6.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd for Tay Sen Kwan	7,447,420	1.85
7.	A.A. Anthony Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Amfraser Securities Pte Ltd for Soh Chong Chau (92860)	5,917,600	1.47
8.	Tang Pian Nam Lim & Tan Securities Pte Ltd for Chan Hoong Kwai	5,556,000	1.38
9.	CIMSEC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd UOB Kay Hian Privte Limited for Teo Eng Huat (67)	5,200,000	1.29
10.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd for Sebastian Yeo Boon Kiat	4,300,254	1.07
11.	Bo Saw Wing @ Ho Saw Wing	4,222,900	1.05
12.	Pesaka Antah Holdings Sdn Bhd	4,000,000	0.99
13.	Wong Ah Moi @ Wong Choi Chan	3,954,600	0.98
14.	Cimsec Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt an for CIMB Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd (Retail Clients)	3,775,000	0.94
15.	Tan Yew Soon	3,540,070	0.88
16.	Lai Teik Kin	3,538,170	0.88
17.	Ng Boon Swee	3,117,100	0.77
18.	Cheah Saw Guat	2,950,000	0.73
19.	JF Apex Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ng Boon Swee (STA 2)	2,774,500	0.69
20.	Affin Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ong Ah Yiew @ Ong Keng Wah (ONG1227M)	2,756,000	0.68
21.	HLG Nominee (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Jimmy Cheah Kheng Siew	2,620,000	0.65
22.	YAM Tunku Nadzaruddin Ibni Tuanku Ja'afar	2,590,000	0.64
23.	HLG Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd Lim & Tan Securities Pte Ltd for Lee Chin Choo	2,402,000	0.60
24.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Yeo Peck Chong	2,400,000	0.60
25.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Nominees Account for Ong Fee Chong (REM 157-Margin)	2,300,000	0.57
26.	HDM Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Y.A.M Tunku Naquiyuddin Ibni Tuanku Ja'afar	2,000,000	0.50
27.	HDM Nominees (tempatan) Sdn Bhd Lim & Tan Securities Pte Ltd for Chan Hoong Kwai	2,000,000	0.50
28.	Lim Seok Kim	2,000,000	0.50
29.	Lau Hui Kon	1,848,600	0.46
30.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd for Ang Chee Keong	1,690,092	0.42



PROXY FORM

	No. of shares held
I/We,	
of	
being a member / members of NOVA MSC BERHAD, hereby appoint	
NRIC No.	of
	or failing him, THE CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING as
my/our proxy, to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Tenth Annua	I General Meeting of the Company held on Wednesday, 22nd
August 2012 and at any adjournment thereof.	

Please indicate with an "X" in the spaces below as to how you wish your votes to be cast. (If you do not do so, the Proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his discretion).

	RESOLUTIONS	RESOLUTION	FOR	AGAINST
1.	To adopt Accounts & Reports	1		
2.	To re-elect Director :-			
	a) Mr Onn Kien Hoe	2		
	b) Mr Suresh Parthasarathy	3		
3.	To re-appoint Dr Victor John Stephen Price	4		
4.	To approve the payment of Directors' fees for the year ended 31 March 2012.	5		
5.	To appoint Messrs. Folks DFK & Co as Auditors and to authorize the Directors to fix their remuneration.	6		
6.	Special Business: To approve the Issuance of Shares Pursuant to Section 132D	7		
7.	Special Business: To approve the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions	8		
8.	Special Resolution: To amend the Company's Articles of Association	9		

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1	Dat	-20	

Signature/Seal

Notes:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote on his/her behalf. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. Where a member appoints two or more proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless the member specifies the proportion of his/her shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hands of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointer is a corporation, either under its Common Seal, or the hand of its attorney duly authorised.
- 4. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at No. 1 & 1A, 2nd Floor (Room 2) Jalan Ipoh Kecil 50350 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

PLEASE FOLD HERE

Affix stamp

The Company Secretaty NOVA MSC BERHAD (591898-H)

No. 1 & 1A, 2nd Floor (Room 2) Jalan Ipoh Kecil 50350 Kuala Lumpur

PLEASE FOLD HERE

E 33-3A, Dataran 3 Two Square, No 2, Jalan 19/1, 46300 Petaling Jaya Tel: (03) 7957 6628 Fax: (03) 7954 6628.